SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON.

JAMES W. BELLER,

(Office on Main Street, a few doors above the Valley Bank,)

At \$2 00 in advance—\$2 50 if paid within six months—or \$3 00 if not paid until after the ex-piration of the year. \$27 ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of \$1 00 per square for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manuscript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and CHARGED ACCORDINGEY. A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

20 Distant subscriptions and advertisements must be paid in advance, or responsible persons living in the county guaranty the settlement of the same.

General Intelligence.

REDUCTION OF FARE.—The travelling public generally will be gratified to learn that the bill re-lucing the rate of fare on the Baltimore and Washducing the rate of fare on the Baltimore and Washington Rail Road to one dollar and a half was one Wednesday passed by the Senate. It was previously passed by the House, and is now therefore a law. This measure had frequently been urged by the Directors of the Company on the Legislature, as one required alike by the interests of the State and the Company. We have no doubt that it will secure both.—Balt. Sun.

Wm. Webber, Esq., has disposed of his interest in the Hagerstown Mail, to John A. Freaner

D'John Van Buren, son of the ex-President, has been elected Attorney General of New York.

RICH COUNTY .- The real and personal estate of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, are valued at twenty-five millious.

The number of hogs packed in the Wabash valley this season is stated at 62,400—a falling off,

compared with last season, of 42,600.

The New Orleans Bulletin of the 26th ultimo says that the quantity of pork received at that port the present season, is less by more than one-half the quantity received to the same time last year.

Wisconsin.—This Territory is rapidly increasing in population and in wealth. It was organized into a territorial government in 1836, embracing 47,000,000 acres, of which 10,000,000 have been surveyed. The first sales of public lands took place in 1835; the amount sold from that time till January 1842, 2,800,418 acres, for the sum of \$2,761,762. The lead mines of the territory will be an inexhaustible source of wealth.— According to the census of 1840, the whole amount of lead produced in the United States and Territories, was 31,439,453 lbs., and the capital invested was \$1,346.755. Of this amount Wisconsin produced nearly one half, or 15,120,350 lbs. and the capital employed by her was \$664,600. The assessed valuation of the real and personal property of all its counties, in the year 1843, amounted to \$8,077,300.

OREGON Ho!-The Burlington (Iowa) Ga-

zette contains a call of the emigrants to Oregon, to be held at Fort Madison, 25th inst., remarking— "Iowa, it is known, is at present well represent-ed on the western slope of the American continent, and the prospect now is that the number will be considerably increased before the close of the year | nessee and procured a license from a neighboring, upon which we have just entered. As, with the Justice. About four o'clock in the evening lapse of time, the dangers and obstacles of the expedition diminish, and the period necessary to by the minister and some ten or a dozen ladies ber of its emigrants be expected steadily to in-crease, until the shores of the Pacific, ours now by right, become, by possession, as actually American as those of the Atlantic. The success of the expeditions which went out the last and preceding summer, has left the impression that the trip is by no means as hazardous as was at first supposed : and our hardy pioneers now undertake it with less preparation than is made by many persons for the journey from the Eastern or Middle States to Iowa."

MURDER .- Mr. Crandall, of Peeksville, N. Y who had some difficulty with an Irishman, named Hugh Lynch, was waylaid about half a mile south of Peeksville, on Sunday last, by Lynch, who split his skull with an axe, and knocked him over the side of the bridge. He fell upon the ice below, and died in about two hours afterwards. Lynch immediately fled to New York, whither he was followed by officers, who have not, as yet, arrest

MAGNETISM .- The Lancaster, Pa., Intelligence says: "We had the pleasure of witnessing a most successful operation for the cure of cataract of the eye, performed by Dr. Wm. B. Fahnestock, on Sunday. The patient was a Mrs. Clayton ing near Lancaster. She was put into the magnetic sleep in a very short time, and while in that state the operation was performed. No pain was experienced. She seemed to be perfectly callous to the incision of the knife, and the moment the couching was accomplished, she exclaimed 'I see!' Dr. Fahnestock deserves great credit for the successful application of magnetism to a num-

A GREAT LEAPER.—The Lockport Courier relates that Dr. W. Bristol, of that village, while denuding the roof of his office from snow on Thursday week, "took a fearful leap, which should serve as a caution to persons who go upon roofs of houses for like purpose. He had gone to the roof of his office to clear away the snow and ice, when he commenced sliding, and being unable to stop himself, went over the eaves! He threw from him the spade which he held in his hand, and igh his head was downward, through uncom mon presence of mind he so turned himself in the air, that he struck upon his feet, having fallen about thirty feet without the slightest injury!"

THE RAZOR STROP MAN is again in this city .-He had quite a crowd around him yesterday in Third street. He talked a great many out of their money .- Phil. Times.

FEMALE ODD FELLOWSHIP.—The great succes which has attended these associations in NewYork has prompted similar combinations with the same philanthropic views among the female portion of the community. They hold regular meetings and admit members of good standing, both married and single, at a fee of \$2. Strict temperance is a fun-damental requirement. They are calculated to be of vast benefit to our hard worked but poorly paid female population, in the hour of need.
[Balt. Sun.

INDIAN PANCAKES.—Scald a quart of Indial meal—when lukewarm, stir in half a pint of flour, half a teacup of yeast, and a little salt. When light, a teacup of yeast, and a little sait. When light, fry them in just fat enough to keep them from sticking to the frying pan. Another method of making them which is very nice, is to turn boiling milk or water on to the Indian meal, in the proportion of a quart of the former to a pint of the latter—stir in three table-spoonfuls of flour, three eggs well beaten, and a couple of tea-spoonfuls of salt. Florida come into the Union with full sails.

Wonderful Phenomenon .- There is exhibiting at Southron's Hall to-day, one of the most wonderful nondescripts nature has ever perhaps produced. It is an animal caught in the woods of Borneo—and can be pronounced neither man, beast, fowl, or fish. Its shape—

"If shape that may be called which shape had none," in some points approaches the human. It has the face, head and chest apparently of man, except that the nose and ear denote more of the monkey. In its extremities however it is different from any other created animal science has ever discovered and it can only be called by the name its exhibitor gives it—Nondescript.—Vicksburg Sentinel.

Since clipping out the above article for inser-tion, the self-same object has been exhibited in Raymond. We have examined it carefully, and are fully pursuaded that it is a human creature, mal-formed. It has that most unfailing mark of human nature—a well developed chin—for man only has a chin. Its hand, too, is human, though

The patient was a Mrs. Clayton, resid- property, profession or avocation of any kind-so when she awoke from her delusion, and found herself wedded to infamy and poverty—that in the place of the frank, plausble, intelligent, wealthy and honest man, she supposed she was giving her hand and innocent affections to, she had plighted her faith to the loathsome inmate of a brothel, a debauchee, a drunkard and a beggar. Her confi-dence gone, her love turned to loathing and disgust, she returned, repentant, to her injured and heart-broken parent—he pitied, forgave, and took back his deluded child, and she seeks a divorce the husband opposes it. Counsel are employed by his friends, to oppose before the Committee, the granting the prayer. Mr. Graves appears for the husband, Mr. Benj. Hardin and G. Duncan, of Louisville, for the wife. So much for runaway

> AN ILLUMINATED BIBLE.-We were strolling down the Third Municipality about dusk, says the New Orleans Republican, when we were attracted by a bright light through the window of a low hovel. On approaching, we found a poor Dutch wo-man reading a sixty cent Bible by the light of a pine knot fire. Here, thought we, is a Bible more luminously shining on the track towards Heaven

than any other illuminated Bible ever seen-Har

pers, not excepted. AN OLD FASHIONED SLEIGHING PARTY .- The Springfield (Mass.) Republican of Saturday, states that last week, a party of ninety-nine persons, 'old and middle aged ladies and gentlemen,' from Bristol, Ct., arrived here in the morning, spent the day after the old fashioned sort, and returned in the afternoon.

The New York Express says, "that the Bishop's Pamphlet is now the chief cry of the news boys in that city. Every step one takes in the street he is encountered by the salutation, "Ere's Bishop Underdunk's Triall very rich! Only fifty cents!" At the hotels, in the barbers' shops, at private dwellings, the same cry is kept up, sans intermission, a little varied, it is true, in this glut of the market, by the seductive offer: "Take one at three shill'n! Full of fun!" and so on. It is melancholy to see a record of this kind hawked in this style about the streets."

COL. BENTON AND TEXAS.

[COMMUNICATED.]

What the object of Col. Benton can be in waiting until this late period of the Session of Congress, to introduce his new bill for the Annexation of Texas, I cannot ever conjecture, unless it be to thwart altogether the project of Annexation. At an early date of the session of Congress he brought in a bill having for its object the Annexation of Texas, WITH the consent of Mexico, &c., which was suffered to remain in the hands, I believe, of the Senate Committee on foreign affairs, during the whole time that the subject was under discussion in the House : and after a bill was passed that body, and taken to the Senate, near the close of the session, he asks leave to withdraw his original bill, for what? Why, to bring in a new scheme, the only object of which can be, now, if it is per-Beginning in the previous of the period of t mitted to be introduced, is to defeat entirely, for this session, at least, (and perhaps for ever,) this important measure. If this last bill, or one framed on similar basis, is the the happy pair drove off in a buggy, accompanied the happy pair drove off in a buggy, accompanied and gentlemen in a cariage and on horseback.—Soon after the party crossed the Tennessee line, a way the minister and some ten or a dozen ladies and gentlemen in a cariage and on horseback.—Soon after the party crossed the Tennessee line, a halt was made, and the Reverend gentlemen rode round in iront of the buggy, took off his hat and there, in the wild woods, performed the ceremony which united for life the destinies of the lovers, and gave the lady a friend and a protector, who will prove, we carnestly hope, no less tender and affectionate than her fond parents, whom she had given up a few hours before for his sake. The party then returned to the residence of Capt. Malcom M'Neill, and were entertained by that gentlemen in the most hospitable manner.

A SAD STORY.—The Frankfort correspondent of the Maysville (Ky.) Eagle, tells the following sad story of the blighted hopes of a too fond and trusting heart. Alas! that it should be true, but among the sad lessons of life, women too often find falsehood and deceit, where they trusted to meet truth, love and honor—

There is pending a very exciting question for a divorce. The petition is presented by a young lady about 16 years of age, of very respectable and your offily, was induced to run off with a man double her age—of character infamous, without and when it was brought to a close, (as far as the action of the Maysville (Ky.) Eagle, tells the following sad story of the blighted hopes of a too fond and trusting heart. Alas! that it should be true, but among the sad lessons of life, women too often find falsehood and deceit, where they trusted to meet truth, love and honor—

There is pending a very exciting question for a divorce. The petition is presented by a young lady about 16 years of age, of very respectable and trusting heart. Alas! that it should be true, but the following sate by the property, prolession or avocation of any kind—so when she wooke from her de

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL.—The President and Directors of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company have made a supplementary Report to Gov. Pratt embracing their transactions during the entire year 1844; the annual report having brought an account of the affairs of the company only to the 31st of May, which concluded its fiscal year. It appears that the total revenue of the company, from all sources, for the year ending 31st December, was \$55,804 16; and the current expenditure for the same period, \$47,287 66; leaver the same period, \$47,287 66; leaver the same period, \$47,287 66; leaver the same period \$8,606 ing a surplus income over expenditures of \$8,600

The total current expenses of the year 1844 notwithstanding the extra outlay of \$2,981, for improvements, exhibit a decrease of \$1,562 34 compared with the expenses of 1842, and of \$36-505 14, compared with those of 1843.—Fred. Cit.

Vinegar.

Good vinegar is truly a valuable article in every family, but in almost all new countries is very scarce and dear; and so much so, in many countries it cannot be found. I have seen but little good but much poor, in use in the country. I trust it will be received as a favor, if at a little expense good vinegar can be placed in the reach of every one. Mr. Edward Lewis, of Big Rock Creek every one. Mr. Edward Lewis, of Big Kock Creek, has presented me with good vinegar, made by adding three quarts of molasses to eight gallons of clear rain water, and the same put into a good cask and well shook up a few times and then put in two or three spoonfuls of good yeast, or two yeast cakes. Place the cask, if in summer, out doors, at the warmest side of the house; but if in cold weather near the absence was in the cold weather near the shores. cold weather near the chimney, where it may be kept warm. In ten or fifteen days add to the liquor a sheet of brown paper torn in strips, dipped in molasses, and good vinegar will be produced. This is cheap. Try it. S. LONG.

N. B. The paper this way managed, is sure to make what is called the "mother," or the life of

A THIEF .- Some rascal entered our office Monday, when the workmen were gone to dinner, and stole six dollars from the desk. The fellow who would rob a printer, would not hesitate to knock out his grandmother's teeth and sell them to the dentist .- Port. Tribune.

vinegar .- Prarie Farmer,

LOOK ALOFT.

BY JONATHAN LAWRENCE In the tempest of life, when the wave and the gale Are around and above, if thy footing should fail, If thine eye should grow dim.and thy caution depart "Look aloft!" and be firm and be fearless of heart. If the friend who embraced in prosperity's glow,
With a smile for each joy and a tear for each woe,
Should betray thee when sorrows like clouds are array
"Look aloft" to the friendship which never shall fade

Should the visions which hope spreads in light to thi eye.

Like the tints of the rainbow, but brighten to fly;
Then turn, and through tears of repentance regret,
"Look aloft" to the Sun that is never to set.

Should they who are dearest, the son of thy heart,
The wife of thy bosom in sorrow depart,
"Look aloft" from the darkness and dust of the tom
To that soil where affection is ever to bloom. And oh! when death comes in his terrors, to east His fears on the future, his pall on the past, In that moment of darkness, with hope in thy heart, And a smile in thine eye, "look aloft" and depart.

Miscellaneous.

Midnight. It is midnight-the clock is striking twelve.-How finely the full tones sweep past through the air, as if they would take up our thought, and carry it miles away to the very friend you are thinking of at the moment. How many haunts of wretchedness hidden from human eye, in the depths of human hearts, have these cold vibrations reached while they are dying so carelessly upon our ears? What tales might they tell of secret misery, sickness unwatched, and preying sorrow, and fear, and care, and the thousand bitter cankers that lie and feed at the very heart strings, beyond all reach of medicine—perhaps of sympathy.— Many a wife sits watching with a broken heart for her husband's step-many a mother for her child's-and many a venturous merchant lies haunted with fears of shipwreck and fire-many an undetected defaulter fancies voices at the door —many a young girl just finding out that love is only a heaviness and a fear, muses bitterly over the caprice of a moment or an unmeant trifle.—
And these are the only watchers—for the happy are asleep save the bride on her daintily wrough pillow, murmuring in a low tone to the ear that will soon tire of its monotony-or to the fervent poet building up his dream into the sky, with his eyes straining into the darkness, and his pulse mounting with the soaring freedom of an angel's forgetting the world, will trample out his fiery pirit to ashes and laugh to scorn the fine work of his towering fancy.

Culture of the Mind.

Culture of the understanding is, indeed, one of the best methods of subduing the heart to softness, and redeeming it from that savage state, in which it too often comes from the hand of nature. The more our reason is strengthened, the better she is enabled to keep her seat on the throne, and to govern those passions, which were appointed to be her subjects, but which too often rebel and succeed in their unnatural revolt; but besides the effect of mental culture, in calling forth and increasing the powers of the reasoning faculty, it seems to possess an influence in humaniz-ing the feelings, and meliorating the native dis-

Music, painting, and poetry, teach the mind to of their nerves, and roughening by example and by some secret and internal influence, the very constitution of their tempers.

AN EXTRACT .- Could we draw back the covering of the tomb-could we see what those are now, who once were mortal-Oh! how would it surprise and grieve us to behold the prodigious transformation that has taken place on every individual—grieve us to see the dishonour done to our nature in general, within these subterraneous lodgments-hero the sweet and winning aspect, that wore perpetually an attracting smile, grins horribly—a naked ghastly grin!—The eye that outshone the diamond's lustre, and glanced its ovely lightning into the most guarded heart -alas! where is it? How are all those radient glories totally eclipsed? That tongue that once commanded all the charms of harmony, and al he powers of eloquence, in this strange land hath forgot its cunning. Where, where are the strains of melody which ravished our ear? Where the flow of persuasion which carried captive our judgments 7 The great master of language and of song is become silent as the night which surrounds

MIND AND MANNERS .- There seems to be some congeniality between a fine form and a virtuous mind. When we meet an individual in the walks of life, who unites pleasing manners with beauty of person there is none that can withhold from him he meed of approbation. But if on a further acquaintance, we discover that his principles are unsound, his feelings perverted, and his habits so nany hypocritical assumptions, we are compelled to turn ourselves away in disgust. It is like the raveller who copies afar off a pleasant grove of orange trees, quivering in the western breeze.— The tinge of the fruit rivals the beams of the rosy sun; the fragrance of the branches scents the whole atmosphere: the traveller approaches it in rapture, and discovers it the haunt of serpents, wild beasts, r wilder Indians. Such too often is the result of cultivated acquaintance in the world.

CHINESE WORSHIP .- Kneeling down in front of the altar, the suppliant to the particular god in whose honor it had been erected, and whose figire was represented immediately behind it, com menced by repeatedly bowing his head, each time ouching the ground, sighing, and reciting, in a low tone of voice, certain words. An attendant priest then placed in his hands two pieces of bamoo, the two being about the size of a potato, divided longitudinally; again bowing, he then threw these upon the stone pavement before him, the priest and the bystanders, as well as himself, inperforms all those functions which are necessary tently observing how they should fall; this he repeated many times. At each cast there was a slight exclamation from every one around him—sometimes in a tone of pleasure, sometimes in that of disappointment, according to the way which the pieces of wood rested. This game, a species of pieces of wood rested. This game, a species of the interpretation of the brain called the convolutions, is simply intend-the very large of the intellect, and faculties. signt exchangion from every one around him—sometimes in a tone of pleasure, sometimes in that of disappointment, according to the way which the pieces of wood rested. This game, a species of hazard, himself versus the god—a fine, fat, corpulent gentlema—he continued, with varied success for a considerable time, lent gentleman—he continued, with varied success, for a considerable time; at length, making a lucky hit, he suddenly Jumped up, apparently well pleased with his throw, and retiring gave place to the next expectant for equal good fortune.

[Captain Cunningham's Recollections.

THE LAST PAREWELL.

was all sunshine." The clanking of the heavy bright and glorious-and concluded by requesting ber him when all others should forget. Hark! the church-bell sounded, and he remembered the hour of execution. The turnkey, entered and after dashing the tears from his eyes, l'e seperated them from their long embrace, and led the lady through the dungeon. At the entrance she turned, and their eyes met-they could not say farewellthe door swung on its lieavy hinges, and they part-ed forever! Is there no heaven?

At sunrise next morning he suffered gloriously -a martyr to his country and to liberty.

"And one—o'er the myrtle shower It leaves by soft winds fanned; She faded 'midst Italian flowers— The last of that fair band."

'Twas in the land of Italy-what a gorgeous time of sunset in Italy—what a magnificent scene!
A pale, emaciated girl lay upon her bed of death.
Oh! it was hard for her to die, far from her home, in this beautiful land, where flowers bloom perennial, and the balmy air comes freely to the pining soul. Oh! no—her star was set! The brightness of her dream had faded—her heart was bro-ken. When ties have been formed on earth— close, burning ties, what is more heart-rending and agonising to the spirit, than to find at last the beloved one is snatched away, and all our love is given to a "passing flewer." Enough! she died the betrothed of Robert Emmet, the lovely Sarah Curran. Italy contains her last remains—its flowers breathe their fragrance over her grave, and the fulling tones of the shepherd's lute sound a requiem to her memory.

Hints to Young Ladies.

If young women waste their time in trivial amusement, the prime season for improvement which is between the ages of sixteen and twenty, they will hereafter regret bitterly the loss, when they come to feeel themselves inferior in select the agreeable parts of those objects which surround us, and by habituating it to a pure and permanent delight, gradually superinduce an habitual good humor. It is of infinite importance to happiness, to accustom the mind from infancy to happiness, to accustom the mind to the pursuits of their regret otherty are leading to the select themselves inferior in the whole of the select themselves inferior in the select themselves in the s turn from deformed and painful scenes, and to ignorance a severe mortification and a real evil. contemplate whatever can be found of moral and Let this animate their industry; and let not a modnatural beauty-the spirits under this benign est opinion of their capacities be a discouragenanagement contract a milkiness, and learn to ment to their endeavors after knowledge. A modflow all cheerily in their smooth and yielding chan-erate understanding, with diligent and well dinels—while on the contrary, if the young mind is teized, fretted and neglected, the passage of the more lively genius, if attended to with that impateized, fretted and neglected, the passage of the spirits becomes rugged, abrupt, exasperated, and tience and inattention which too often accompany the whole nervous system seems to acquire an ex- quick parts. It is not for want of capacity that so cessive irratability. The ill treatment of children has not only made them wretched at the time, but wretched for life, tearing the fine contextures of a sensible man, or for the task of governing and on a sensible man, or for the task of governing and the sensible man and the sensible man are such that the sensible man ar instructing a family ; it is oftener from the neglect of exercising talents which they really have, and from omitting to cultivate a taste for intellectual improvement; by this neglect they lose the sincerest of pleasures, which would remain when almost other forsook them, of which neither fortune nor age can deprive them, and would be a comfort and resource in almost every possible situation in life.

If a young lady cannot bear reproof without sullenness, and disappointment without repining, what are we to expect of her when placed at the head of a family, to guide and direct its concerns? Truly the education of females, at the present day, seems diametrically opposed to all that advances the best interests of domestic life. To attract admiration, and to shine abroad, appears to be the principal object; as though they were destined for no higher purpose, like the ephemeral fly, they flutter awhile and are seen no more. What a lamentable circumstance, that the admirable picture drawn by Solomon should not have been more fequently imitated. All the refinement which wealth and luxury have introduced since the foundation of society, will never have power to do away the influence of those domestic virtues h the inspired perman has so beautifully de-One lineated in the last chapter of Proverbs. reason why the domestic virtues are so much neglected, is the love of show and external parade .-When once a love of fashionable pleasure steals upon the affections, it is in vain to look for the growth of those virtues which require a keeping at home. Fashion dethrones judgment, and lays her empire in the dust. When once the affections begin to entwine around the idol, the soul is fasci-nated with a kind of enchantment, which it is impossible to resist, until it becomes a prey to the most violent passions which, like a garden grown up with weeds, presents a most gloomy prospect for a future day.

THE PHENOMENA OF THE BRAIN .- One of the most inconceivable things in the nature of the brain is, that the organ of sensation should itself be insensible. To cut the brain gives no pain, yet in the brain alone resides the power of feeling pain in any other part of the body. If the nerve which leads to it from the injured part be devided, we become instantly unconscious of suffering. It is only by communication with the brain that any kind of sensation is produced; yet the organ itself is in-sensible. But there is a circumstance more wonderful still. The brain itself may be removed, may be cut away down to the corpus calosum, without destroying life. The animal lives and performs all those functions which are necessary ed for the exercise of the intellect and faculties, whether of the low degree called instinct, or of that exalted kind bestowed on man, the gift of reason .- Wigan on the Durability of the Mind.

Flatter not yourself of your faith to God, if you want charity for your neighbor.

NAPOLEON IN ELBA. ROBERT EMMETT AND HIS LOVE.—'Twas the evening of a lovely day—the last day for the noble and ill-fated Emmet. A young lady stood at the castle gate and desired admittance into the dungeon. She was closely veiled, and the keeper could not imagine who she was, nor why one of stood before me with a round ungraceful figure, such proud bearing should be a suppliant at the door. However, he granted the boon—led her to the dungeon, opened the massive iron door, then closed it again, and the lovers were alone. He dungeon, when Obediah, mounted leaned against the prison wall with a downcast head, and his arms were folded upon his breast. him at the turning of the lane. I mentally ex-Gently he raised the veil from her face, and Em-gently he raised the veil from her face, and Em-met turned to gaze upon all that earth contained for him—the girl whose sunny brow in the days of boyhood had been his polar star—the maiden of the behold a union of the demon and the of boyhood had been his polar star—the maiden expected to behold a union of the demon and the who had sometimes made him think "the world soldier, appeared soft and mild in the extreme; there was nothing striking in it—not a wrinkle, not a line to trace the warrior or the politician on chains sounded like a death-knell to her ears, and she wept like a child. Emmet said but little, yet he pressed her warmly to his bosom, and their smooth forehead, partly shaded, when he took his she wept like a child. Emmer said but ittle, yet he pressed her warmly to his bosom, and their smooth forehead, partly shaded, when he took his feelings held a silent meeting—such a meting, perchance, as is held in heaven, only there we part no more. In a low voice he besought her sallow, was not so dark as I expected to find it. his inanimate body. He spoke of by-gone days—
the happy hours of childhood, when his hopes were bright and glorious—and concluded the spoke of the happy hours of childhood, when his hopes were bright and glorious—and concluded the spoke of the happy hours of childhood, when his hopes were bright and glorious—and concluded the spoke of the happy hours of childhood, when his hopes were bright and glorious—and concluded the spoke of the happy hours of childhood, when his hopes were bright and glorious—and concluded the spoke of the happy hours of childhood, when his hopes were bright and glorious—and concluded the happy hours of childhood, when his hopes were bright and glorious—and concluded the happy hours of childhood, when his hopes were bright and glorious—and concluded the happy hours of childhood, when his hopes were bright and glorious—and concluded the happy hours of childhood, when his hopes were bright and glorious—and concluded the happy hours of childhood, when his hopes were bright and glorious—and concluded the happy hours of childhood, when his hopes were bright and glorious—and concluded the happy hours of childhood the happy happy hours of childhood the happy hap ing smile. His eye, of which I was particularly observant, possessed so many qualities and attributes, and seemed so chameleon-like, changing were nanowed to his memory from the days of his infancy; and should the world pronounce his name with scorn and contempt, he prayed she would still cling to him with affection, and remember him when all others should forget. He was a seemed so chameleon-like, changing its hues every momont, that I can scarcely say what color it was, but upon a venture I should say it was light blue; but at all events it was filled with expression and remine.

hat, with its angle placed mathematically exact to the point, Napoleon wore his old favorite green uniform, with two small gold epauletts, a white waistcoat, white cassimere small clothes, much worn, but clean, high military boots with common-looking silver spurs buckled to them, with black straps and black buckles. The sword he wore was that presented him by the Emperor Alexander at the peace of Tilsit. He had a pair of white doe-skin gloves. His red saddle-cloth and the trappings and bridle of his horse were very dirty, and spoke plainly that his Majesty had a very indifferent groom. He seemed, however, to have a good firm hunting seat, and sat well on his fork.

As we neared him he appeared to walk with great difficulty in the heavy sand, his body exhibiting an enormous and unwieldly substance; so much so, that two attendants lifted him into the boat and then stowed away one leg after the

Notwithstanding this, he is, we are told, in perpetual motion, and Colonel Campbell's opinion is, that he would kill from fatigue any six men; and he told us that only the day before we arrived, in discoursing with him on different subjects, he had walked up and down his room for three successive hours, by the watch.

My own opinion, both from his face and figure, is that Napoleon is dropsical; but Col. D. declares that it is good sound, hard, flesh. What a surprising animal he is, to conquer his body in the way he does! Colonel Campbell tells us that he has often followed him over hill and dale, when he has tumbled down and been picked up, without apparently perceiving it, continuing his conversation and never losing the thread of his discourse. always rises at four in the morning and retires about ten.—Recollections of Elba.

A MODEL.

The following female character is translated from the French. However highly colored the portrait may appear, it is not without a living

original:
"It is her happiness to be ignorant of all that the world calls pleasure; her glory is to live in the duties of a wife and mother; and she consecrates her days to the practice of social virtues. Occupied in the government of her family, she reigns over her husband by complaisance; over her children by mildness: over her domestics by goodness. Her house is the residence of religious sentiments, of filial picty, of conjugal love, of maternal tenderness, of order, peace, sweet sleep, and good health. Economical and studious, she prevents want, and dissipates the evil passions; the indigent who present themselves are never repulsed; the licentious avoid her presence.— She has a character of reserve and dignity, that makes her respected; of indulgence and sensihility, that makes her loved; of prudence and firmness, that makes her esteemed. She diffuses around her a mild warmth, a pure light, which vivify and illume all that encircle her.

Happy the man who possesses such a wife, and can justly appreciate her worth; happy the children who are nurtured by her care and modelled by her counsel: happy the domestics who wait her commands, and enjoy her benevolence; and happy the society which holds in its bosom a being worthy of a better world.

SMILES.—We are among those who love a jo-vial, smiling face. If there is any thing of which we may be prodigal, nor be the loser, it is of smiles. A lively, happy face is contageous, and all around partake its influence. So with the sober, wrin-kled face of care.—It equally dispenses its effects on its companions. Zounds! wear a happy face, at all hazards. Keep a consciousness of just purpose, and an honest heart within, and a merry face

WASTE OF TIME.—The proverbial oracles of our parsimonius ancestors have informed us that the fatal waste of fortune is by small expenses, by the profusion of sums too little singly to alarm our caution, and which we never suffer ourselves to consider together. Of the same kind is prodigali-ty of life: he that hopes to look back hereafter with satisfaction upon past years, must learn to know the present value of single minutes, and endeavor to let no particle of time fall useless to the ground. An Italian-philosopher expressed in his notto that time, was his estate; an estate, indeed, that will produce nothing without cultivation, but will always abundantly repay the labors of industry and satisfy the most extensive desires, if no part of it be suffered to lie waste by negligence, to be overrun by noxious plants, or laid out for show rather than for use .- Johnson.

How beautifully has it been asked by an emient writer:- "Is there to be found a gift of heaven more precious, more worthy our most ardent gratitude, than that of possessing a family, a home, where virtues, kindnesses, and enjoyments are every day guests, where the heart and the eye sun themselves in a world of love, where the thoughts are lively and enlightened, where friends not only by word but by action say to each other—Thy joy, thy sorrow, thy hope, thy prayer, are mine! [Phil. Inquirer.

DELICATE COMPLIMENT.—A young lady being addressed by a gentleman much older than herself, observed to him, the only objection she had to an union with him, was the probability of his dying before her, and leaving her to feel the sorrows of tidowhood. To which he made the following ingenious and delicate complimentary reply:—
"Blessed is the man that has a virtuous wife, for the number of his days shall be doubled."

Spirit of Jefferson.



GIEARLIESTOWN a

Friday Morning, February 21, 1845.

The Past and the Future. In a few short days the President elect o United States, Jas. K. Polk of Tennessee, (the same "Jimmy Polk" of whom the Whigs but a short time since professed so much ignorance,) will be installed in the duties of the high and distinguished station where the unsought suffrages of his fellow-citizens have placed him. The same robe of office which was once worn with so much | making the round trip for \$1 50. dignity by the great Father of his country; which was snatched by an indignant and insulted people from the elder Adams, and conferred on him who has been justly styled the great apostle of Human Liberty, has now in its turn descended to him, whom the people, by their votes, have declared not unworthy to grace its venerable folds. On the 4th of March next, in the presence of assembled thousands, who shall have gathered together, as from the distant parts of the Heaven the Storm King gathers his hosts, the President elect will receive at the hands of the people's agents, the great seal of official authority, which will stamp a character upon our institutions, whose lustre time shall fail to obliterate.

In offering up the full tide of our heart's gratitude, for an event so fraught with interest to the lovers of freedom and of freedom's institutions, it should not be in the spirit of those who rejoice for personal elevation or personal defeat-it should not be for the triumph of Mr. Polk, or the defeat of fall immeasurably in the scale, when compared with the deep and momentous issues for which we fought and conquered.

Never did a party enter the field under more un favorable circumstances than did the Democratic party-never did we have to contend with so much. from within and without (our own internal dissensions and the wily and indefatigable adversary, who opposed us) as when in May last we met together, to designate the person, who was to lead us on to victory. Great was the triumph of our enemies, as with self-satisfaction they chuckled over our dissensions. Many were the idle speculations sent forth by the Whig presses, as to the probable result of our deliberations. Little did they suppose (in the language of our own eloquent elector.) that there was then being manufactured a sub-marine battery which was to blow sky-high the flaunting ship of Whiggery, and scatter its States Gazette, Philadelphia, in urging the Legisfragments to the four winds. They did not reflect lature to pass the bill, has the following: that the cardinal doctrine of our party was prin ciple before men. They could not conceive that this glorious maxim, would fall like sunshine upon the waves of dissension to sooth them down in harmony and peace-they did not reflect that we met together to further the principles which we believed to be identified with the best interests of the country, and not to confer individual honor or favor. Mr. Van Buren again was to have been before the people, again to be slandered, reviled and ployed in ransacking the whole vocabulary of injury." slang, preparing speeches to abuse the minds of the people. Documents, falsely purporting to sed by the Virginia Legislature on Friday last, is genuineness, were collected together and printed at great expense, to be scattered broad-cast through the land. Songs and song-books were written, whose dulcet harmonies were to lull to sleen the understandings of the people, and charm them to more, by connection with the line under considesupport the great "Harry of the West." Already ation. did we hear of "Sheep Speeches" -of Negro testimony-of Standing Armies marching rough-shod over the liberties of the people-of golden spoons, of negro suffrage, and of what not? These were the means by which they were to enlighten the minds of the people, these were the mighty arguquestions of national policy, materially connected the mighty bulwarks of Democracy.

Thus did they stand vaunting in their strength, when lot amid the air-franght bubble of their hones fell the name of Jas. K. Polk, like a thunder-clap on a May morning. From their great leader as centre, throughout the entire circumference of their ranks, radiated the doleful exclamation "beat again!" And beat they were, and beat they ever must be, so long as there remain in the American mind a just appreciation of the nature and spirit of our government, and a sense of their harmony with the great principles that constitute the code of Democratic Liberty.

Of the administration of Jas. K. Polk we enterdecision, with a fixed determination to promote the welfare and happiness of his country, we are certain will be the governing principles in all of his by which they make millions for his thousands .official acts. He will be, as he says in one of his late speeches, the President of the people. While other administrations have tended rather to increase the violence of party excitement, his will go far to pacify the waves of dissension, and in some degree to harmonize the conflicting elements. We hope then to see the friends of the administration discard all ultraism in the adjustment of the great questions to be settled by our National Council. We hope to see them meet their opponents upon a common platform, not as partizans but as Americans, bent on promoting the welfare and happiness of the citizens, and giving additional impulse to our country in her onward career to glory and greatness. Let concession then, reign over their deliberations; let a desire for harmony be constantly cherished, and in four years hence, the great wonder will be even among the Whigs themselves, not that Mr. Polk was elected, but that the people were so blinded to the true interests of the country, as to render the support to Mr. Clay and his obnoxious principles which they did.

BJ Mr. ARCHER'S Report on Texas, is said to be one of the most ridiculous affairs ever presented to the Senate of the U. States. Whigs and Democrats alike condemn its reasoning, and laugh at the ridiculous, complex and bombastic display of its language. Verily, Virginia, will soon lose her high position, if such men as Mr. Archer be her representatives in that great body of statesmen, the Senate of the U. States.

THE INAUGURATION .- From the interest that eems to be felt in seeing the Inauguration of Col. Polk, it is conjectured by those in Washington that there will be a greater number of people there on the 4th of March, than ever assembled on any similar occasion. We notice the names of several military companies that have signified their intention of being present to enliven the scene. To all who can go, we feel justified in saying, they will be greatly pleased with their trip.

The fare on the Baltimore & Ohio Rail-road will be reduced to one half for the round trip, allowing from the 1st to the 8th of March for making it. On the Washington branch, the fare is also reduced, but as it requires the trip to be made in 24 hours, it will not avail our citizens any thing. The law, just passed by the legislature of Maryland, authorizing a general reduction of the fare on this road, does not go into operation before the first of June.

P. S. Since the above was in type, we have received the advertisement of Messrs. M. H. & V. W. Moore, stating that their fine packet boat, "Elizabeth" will leave on Saturday, 1st March,

IT If the day is a good one on to-morrow, an in teresting time may be expected at the Temperance Celebration in Shepherdstown. The Masons Odd Fellows, Sabbath Schools, and Tetotallers. will give an imposing appearance to the proces-

BJ We hope our county will be fully represent ed in the District Temperance Convention to be held at Winchester on to-morrow, (22d.) The Winchester Society have appointed the following gentlemen a committee of Reception, and to provide suitable places among the hospitable residents of the town, for such Delegates as may be in attendance, viz: F. R. Milton, John M. Magson, T. J. W. Long, L. V. Sherer, and John E. Dan-

CLARKE COUNTY .- A meeting to appoint Delegates to the District Congressional Convention was held in Berryville on the 8th inst., John ALEXANDER, Esq. in the Chair, NATHANIEL LEW-Mr. Clay-these, though important in themselves, 1s, Secretary. The following resolution, among others, was passed:

Resolved, That this meeting, entertaining a high opinion of the talents and services of our fellow citizen, Doctor Cyrus McCormick, do recommend him to the favorable consideration of the Convention; but at the same time pledge ourselves to give a cordial support to such individual as may receive

Seventy Delegates were appointed to represen Clarke in the said Convention, the names of which it is unnessessary to publish, as our paper will not reach that County before the meeting of the

PENNSYLVANIA, AND THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD .- A proposition is now before the Pennsylvania Legislature, having for its object the granting of permission to the Baltimore and Ohio Rail-road company to enter that State, and to make a terminus of their road at Pittsburg. The U.

"It is not necessary to go more into details at this time, to show the deep interest Pennsylvania has, as also Philadelphia, in endeavoring to induce the Baltimore and Ohio Rail-road company to enter this State. The question may be narrowed down to one between Pennsylvania and Virginia between Pittsburg and our western citizens on the one side, and Parkersburg, or some other point in that vicinity, and citizens of western Virginia on the other side. The duty of Pennsylvania is then clearly to do what she can do to promote the fore the people, again to be slandered, reviled and interests of her own citizens, and particularly abused. Whig Congressmen were already em-

> Whether the Company will accept the bill pasthought doubtful, as the great object was to have a terminus so far South, that the Pennsylvania improvements already made, or that might be made hereafter, would not divert the trade from Balti-

Iowa and Florida.

The bill for the admission of these two Territories as States into the Union, passed the House on Friday last, after considerable opposition, by a vote of 145 yeas, to 46 nays. There was a great effort to divide the question of their admission as ments with which they were to elucidate great they stood together in the bill, so that Iowa should be admitted first. It failed, however, by a large with the welfare and happiness of our country; majority. Had it succeeded, we hazard little in and with these weapons too they expected to shake saying, that Florida would scarcely have been adnitted this session.

The State Debt of Massachusetts is \$6,224,-367 32, of which \$5,050,000 is for loans to Railroad Corporations, and \$995,000 for subscriptions to the Western Railroad. The assets of the State are valued at \$6,420,612 31.

ITIt has been decided in the New York Sureme Court, that a boarding house keeper is not esponsible for articles belonging to boarders, stolen from the house, except they be specially left in the care of the keeper.

IT It seems to be generally conceded that Danel Webster has received 100,000 dollars from his tain the most pleasing anticipations. Firmness and | wealthy Whig friends. The Globe says, the money was given as a Senatorial retainer, to advocate, for the six years to come, the policy It adds, that the hundred thousand dollars is not one per cent, on the gains they calculate on out of the present Tariff. But may not these keen financiers miscalculate, like Mr. Biddle?

> IJ'A "boundary question" has arisen between Missouri and Iowa, which may lead to a serious controversy. Gov. Edwards, of Missouri, has just vetoed a bill for the appointment of commissioners with authority to settle the question.

> IJA magnetic telegraph has been established at New York, from 112 Broadway to the Stuyvesant Institute, and experiments are being made. The design of the office is to introduce and sell rights, should Congress refuse to do any thing with it.

DEM. MAJORITY IN THE U. S. SENATE .- After he inauguration of James K. Polk, on the 4th of March, fourteen newly elected Senators will take their seats-eight not members of the present Senate. The body will not be full, but 49 appointments having been made—the three vacancies are at present filled by Whigs-Virginia, Indiana and Tennessee will probably not be represented this session. The Democrats have thus a majority of one in the Senate, besides the casting vote of the Vice President. This will be good for Democratic nominees to office.

I r-Eight seats will be vacated in our State Senate this Spring-five Democrats, and three Whigs, with Shinn.

" Congress.

No action as yet in the Senate on the Texas Bill. The Globe thinks Mr. Benton's bill will pass, whilst writers from Washington say it will not receive more than half the votes that Brown's joint resolution would. Several of the most distinguished members of the Senate have spoken on the subject during the last week. Mr. Rives went out and out against annexation, save by

Concert at the Court-Room.

Mr. WARD, of the Washington and Baltimore Pheatres, presents Mons. Canderbeeck, one of the first Violinists of the age, (Ole Bull not excepted.) to the consideration of the Charlestown public this evening. Madame Canderbeeck and Mrs. Ward, with the Harp and popular Songs, vary the entertainment, and we doubt not the room will be crowded to excess. We are instructed to state that it is positively for one night only, as Mons. Canderbeeck appears in Winchester to-morrow

UFA correspondent of the "Free Press" suggests the names of Capt. John Reed and Antho-NY KENNEDY, Esq. as suitable candidates to be run by the Whig party, for Delegates from this county in the next Legislature of Virginia.

17 The letter from a Washington correspondent, came to hand at so late an hour, that we have necessarily to postpone it this week.

Tr Yesterday was the day fixed upon for the adjournment of the Legislature. The past session has been productive of but little good to the Commonwealth, and the sooner an adjournment

The Senate postponed on Saturday, indefi-

nitely, the bill releasing the Directors of the Smithfield and Harpers-Ferry Turnpike Company, from keeping the road in repair through the town of A Warning to the Anti-Annexationists !- Hale

of New Hampshire has been pitched overboard .-His name has been stricken from the Congressional ticket, and that of John Woodbury, of Exeter, substituted in his stead. Out of 200 Delegates, ne only stood up for Hale.

WM. L. DAYTON was on Tuesday appointed Senator of the United States from New Jersey, for six years from the 4th of March. Mr. Dayton received the entire Whig vote. The Democratic vote was divided between Mr. Thompson, of Princeton, and Mr. Van Arsdale, of Newark.

POSTAGE REFORM IN DANGER!-Congress is evidently playing with the subject of a reduction of postages and endeavoring to procrastinate until useful action will be impossible. The House committee has thrown aside the Senate bill, and re-recommended its own. It is too near the end of the session to expect the two Houses to agree and pass a new bill, and so we may expect nothing like the reform which the whole Union is crying for. The committee will have much to answer for in thus tampering with the popular anxiety.

The steamer Pathfinder, bound to New Orleans, was burnt near Grand Gulf, Miss., on the 8th inst and seven lives lost. The boat was freighted with cotton, the whole of which was destroyed.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

At a large and respectable meeting of the Demporntic citizens of Jefferson, convened at the Court-house, on Monday last, (Court day,) on motion, GARLAND M. DAVIS, was called to the Chair, and ROBERT W. BAYLOR, appointed Sec-

The object of the meeting was briefly stated, and the following resolution offered, which was

Resolved, That admitting, as we are bound to admit, the large majority of the Whigs in this county, we think it unnecssary and improper to force our friends into such an unequal contest; we therefore disapprove of any nomination of candidates for the Legislature from this county, by the Democratic party, and pledge ourselves to leave a free and open track to our Whig friends, and a the same time will not support any Democrat who will suffer his name to be brought before the people as a candidate for the Legislature at the next ensuing election.

On motion, the following resolution was moved and adopted:

Resolved, That entertaining as we do, a high opinion of the principles, honesty and political integrity of our fellow citizen, H. L. Opie, and regarding the course as pursued towards him by a small portion of the Democratic party, at a meet-ing held at the Court-house, on the 20th of January last, as unprecedented and unjustifiable, we refore do appoint the said H. L. Opie, a delegate to represent this County in the Convention to be held on the 22d inst., for the purpose of nominating a Democratic candidate for the next Congress from this District.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and the Editors of the Free Press, and Spirit of Jefferson, be requested to publish the same.

G. M. DAVIS, Chairman.

R. W. BAYLOR, Sec'y.

Meeting at Harpers-Perry. Pursuant to notice, the Democrats of the Har-

pers-Ferry precinct, met at James Walling's Hotel, on Saturday, February, 15, 1845. The meeting was organized by calling John G. Wilson, Esq., to the Chair, and appointing R. LITTLEJOHN

The Chair then explained the object of the meeting, and on motion, it was

Resolved, That we do now proceed to appoint Delegates to attend the Convention proposed to be held in Winchester on the 22nd instant, for the purpose of nominating a candidate to represent the 10th Congressional District in the next Con-

The following gentlemen were appointed:
Richard Parker, Wm. Smallwood, G. B. Wager, P. O. Littlejohn, Thomas K. Laley, Wm. J. Stephens, John H. Strider, Wm. Buckles, Philip Burkhart, John Marsteller,

Resolved, That the above delegates are empowered to fill any vacancy that may occur in the dele

On motion, the meeting then adjourned.

JOHN G. WILSON, Ch'n. R. LITTLEJOHN, Sec'y. The Young Men's Thespian Society.

The first performance this season of the Young Men's Thespian Society, came off on Monday Eve ning last, and we but reiterate public sentiment when we say, that universal approbation was clicited. Our young friends certainly displayed more than ordinary talent in their performances, and the applause which greeted them, was a proud testimonial to their genius and ability, fully evincing that their efforts to please, edify, and interest their au-dience, were duly appreciated. They will make another appearance on the evening of the 22d inst. when they will perform an entirely new piece, highly popular, and which cannot fail to draw a crowded house.—Free Press.

The amount of the British debt on the 1st of Jan-

For the Spirit of Jefferson

FEBRUARY 19, 1845.

MR. Beller:—Sir: You will please do me he favor to insert in your paper of this week, the ollowing statement, voluntarily made by the gentlemen whose names are thereunto appended which will enable the public to determine whethe which will enable the public to determine whether or not I was justifiable in refusing to endorse that which I conscientiously believed to be contrary to the wishes of a majority of the legal voters at that meeting. I wish to add, likewise, that I can prove by a gentleman of undoubted veracity, that immediately after the meeting had adjourned, I offered Mr. Morgan my notes of the proceedings, and the calculations are constituted by the complains of my original resolutions, which he complains of my withholding. And further—subsequent to this, and after the conversation referred to below, the Chairman and myself parted with the understanding, as I supposed, that the resolution which he has appended to the published proceedings of last week, and the proceedings connected with it, should not be published. And, lastly, if the Chair-man had notified me that he had changed his opinion, I should have forwarded him the other proceedings, (a copy of the resolution,) which he says I refused to let him have. JOHN HESS.

Correction of the Published Proceedings of the Meeting at Shepherdstown.

We, the undersigned, Democratic voters, who reside within, and usually vote at the Shepherds town precinct, do hereby certify that we were present, and constituted a majority of the legal vo-ters at said called meeting, held at the house of Joseph Entler, Esq., in Shepherdstown, on the 8th instant: that an effort was made by the friends of Mr. Lucas to have the committee to report resolutions, appointed by the meeting, instead of by the Chair, which the friends of Mr. Bedinger resisted, but were overruled. Among the resolutions reported by the committee was one to take the sense of the meeting as to its first choice, between Messrs. Lucas and Bedinger—which was brought forward and pressed by the friends of Mr Lucas, and most strenuously and obstinately resisted by the friends of Mr. Bedinger, for the obvious reason that there was present, at that time, a most decided majority for Mr. Lucas—admitted a most decided majority for Mr. Lucas—admitted to be so by George McGlincy in his arguments against the resolution—who, like a most skilful tactician, persisted in making motions and offering resolutions, evidently intended to kill time, baffle, and defeat it; and the Chairman, occasionally prompting and helping him out—alleging that the meeting was not called for that purpose, nor authorized to act upon it,—and obstinately persisting in declining and refusing to put the question upon said resolution until a late hour, when some Mr. Lucas's friends from the country, had left the meeting-and further, that, even when the vote and count, spoken of in the published report, was taken, there was still a majority of the whole number of the legal voters present, of from five to ten, in favor of Lucas as their first choice, leaving out persons not entitled to vote: Boys, and two gentlemen from Maryland, having been counted by the teller, on the Bedinger side, whose count was taken by the Chairman, and who was inform-

ed of the fact at the time, but disregarded it.

And we further certify, that the Chairman was distinctly informed, by several respectable and responsible gentlemen, both before and after the adjournment of the meeting, that the count was not correctly reported, and that voters had gone home; and that unless he and the Bedinger party would agree to a fair report of the proceedings, the Secretary would not sign a false one, as he was equally responsible with the Chairman, to the meeting that appointed them. And, moreover, it was finally agreed upon, after some conversation between the Chairman and Secretary, and other gentlemen of both parties, Capt. L. Lucas, Dr. R. A. Lucas, George McGlincy, John Wysong, &c., that the resolution and vote, as reported, as to the first choice of the meeting, should be left out, and not published; but which has since been appended and vouched for, and which we know to be in-correct, and a palpable perversion of the facts; unintentional, as we fain would hope, on their part. And we doubt not, many honorable gentlemen who were present, and preferred Mr. Bedinger, yould sustain these statements, if required to tesify, upon oath, in a court of justice.
We take occasion to add, that it gives us very

great pain to be thus compelled, by an imperious nse of duty to ourselves and to the cause of Decal brethren, neigh bors, and friends.

John Wysong, Jacob Rhinehart, Eli Conley, Isaac Widdows, Lewis Lucas Christian Rhinehart. Edward Lucas, Jr., Robert Lucas, James Hendricks. James Walker, Adam Link, Sr., John Osbourn, Isaac Cline, John Cook, Washington Banks, James Rice. Henry Cook, James A. Osbourn, Sidney W. Hoag.

The Rev. Mr. Gildea, formerly pastor of the Catholic Church at Harpers-Ferry, died in Baltimore City on Tuesday last, aged 44 years.

his labors in Virginia, the "Sun" says : After completing his studies at Emmitsburg, he entered St. Mary's Seminary, where he remained six months preparing himself for the order of priesthood, which was conferred upon him on the 25th March, 1829, by the Most Rev. Archbishop Whitfield. Shortly after his ordination he was sent on a mission to Virginia, and during the sev-en years he officiated in that State he completed the erection of two churches which had been commenced previously, and also built one new one.— His zeal and indefatigable attentions to the laboring poor, during the two seasons of the cholera, will be long remembered with gratitude; in these labors he three times took this dreadful disease himself, but was still spared for future usefulness. After cultivating the vineyard in Virginia, he was called by the Archbishop to the pastoral charge of St. James' church, in this city, which building was also completed under his care. During the six years he officiated here, the fruits of his apostolic labors are familiar to many of

DANGERS OF THE SEA .- Two hundred and eight vessels were wrecked in the last twelve months on our coast alone, in which one hundred and five lives were lost. Twenty vessels are yet missing, and a number of wrecks have been passed at sea, whose melancholy story, we fear, will never be told. Of late years seven hundred lives yearly have been lost at sea from this country done, where are one hundred and forty thousand seamen; two thousand from England, where are two hundred and ninety thousand. In the county of Barnstable, Massachussetts, there were living, short time since, nine hundred and thirty-four widows of seafaring men .- Balt. Sun.

McLeon in TROUBLE AGAIN .- McLeod, who created such an uproar over the country on acnotoriety sake, that he took in the Caroline affair, is now petitioning the Canadian Legislature for relief, alleging that his imprisonment in the United States reduced him to poverty. The imprisonment was the consequence of his silly boasts, and the proper punishment of his folly. The Legislature will certainly not reward such foolishness.

DUFF GREEN AND PRESIDENT JONES,-The Richmond Enquirer contains a letter from Galeston of the 25th January, in which the following passage occurs :- Through the instrumentality of Major Donelson, General Green's altercation with the Executive of this Republic has, I understand, been satisfactorily arranged.

A FORGERY .- A counterfeit check was paid at the Union Bank of Maryland, on Thursday last, for \$1755 57. Three notes, of \$500 each, were paid out; and as there are now only four notes of the de-nomination alluded to in circulation, the cashier The amount of the British debt on the 1st of Jan- cautions aff persons against receiveing them, and nary 1844, £791,140—equal to near \$4,000,000,- requests, should they be offered, that the police may be notified. --

President Polk's Carret.—The correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger, in a letter from Washington, dated on Monday, says:—
"A story was current among the knowing ones, this morning, which I give for its value. Secretary of State Mr. Buchanan; Secretary of the Treasury Mr. Bancroft; Secretary of War Gov Marcy; Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Mason; Postmaster General, Mr. Saunders; Attorney General, Mr. Walk-

TEXAS ANNEXATION .- The Globe says that their confidence of the passage of Benton's annexation bill grows stronger and stronger. They say that if they are not deceived in their information, it will receive (if the whole Democracy of the Senate vote for it) at least thirty votes in that body, and a majority of fifty on its return to the House. The only Democratic Senators whose votes are not certain, are the two from Ohio, who are under instructions. The loss of both of these would leave 28, being one more than necessary.

[Ball. Sun.

SETTLED AT LAST !- We stated on Friday. that by a verdict of a jury at Petersburg last week, the will of 1821 of John Randolph of Roanoke has been established, and all the codicils set aside.— We intimated, at the same time, that exceptions might be taken, and the case might be hung up in Court still longer. But we are gratified to hear, that the controversy has been finally compromised to the satisfaction of all parties, and to the following effect: The negroes, about 380 in number, are liberated, and will receive 30,000 dollars and their wages for this year. It is probable, that tracts of land will be purchased in Texas, on which they will be settled. The remainder of the estate, estimated at from one hundred to 125,000 dollars, will be divided into five parts; of which two-fifths will go to St. George Randolph, a nephew of full blood, and, after his death, to be shared equally between the relations on the maternal and paternal sides one-fifth to H. St. George Tucker, Esq; one-fifth to Judge Beverly Tucker; and the remaining onefifth to the ichildren of Judge Coulter, and Mr. Bryan of Gloucester, who is, specially, exempted from accounting for rents and profits.—Rich. Enq.

The Baltimore papers speak of the death of a lady connected with St. John's Academy, Frederick. She was the daughter of Henry Lilly, Esq., of that place, and was a distinguished member of the Roman Catholic Church. Her death was occasioned by her devotion to the poor in the Baltimore Alms House, where her incessant services destroyed her health. Her religious name was Sister Mary Alphonso, and by that name her amiable and pious services will long be gratefully remembered.

Peytonia and Fashion are matched to run over the Union Course in May, four miles and repeat for a purse of \$20,000. Peytonia beat Blue Dick at New Orleans and has never yet been conquered; while Fashion has always led her fellow quadrupeds .- Philadelphia Times.

A State University is to be established in the village of Oxford, Miss. \$95,000 have been collected and credited to the seminary fund, and it is expected that the sum will be increased to \$166,-

Christ Church, at Cincinnati, was broken into ne night last week by thieves, who carried off the silver clasps of the pews and prayer books, and other property. The watchman who discoverd them just as they were making off with their plun-der, was knocked down by one of the villains.

A DREADFUL DEED .- A late number of the Covington, Ky., Register says:—"We learn that about two weeks since, a man by the name of E. Cason, residing near Cynthiana, in Harrison county, shot his father. It appears that the father and son had a severe quarrel, which ended in a fight. The father threatened to kill his son, and went to the house for his gun. The son also went for his. They met behind the house, and both took aim at the same moment. The father's oun flashed; the shot in that of the son's took fatal effect near the heart of his father, who fell, exclaiming you have killed me. The mother of the deceased vas the only witness of this horrid deed.

THE ANTI-RENTERS .- Some verdicts have been endered at the recent Albany Circuit in favor of the executors of the late Stephen Van Rennselaer mocracy, as well as to the cause of truth and jus- against the Manor tenants. For the defence i tice, to make the foregoing statement of facts, con-flicting, as it does, with that of some of our politicontain conditions which defeat any title before granted-that the pre-emptive right of purchase nd the reservation of quarter sales render the leases void at common law and by statue-besides interest is not recoverable on a wheat rent. The defence was overruled, and principal and interes were awarded by the jury in favor of the plaintiffs

> THE MASSACHUSSETTS LICENSE QUESTION .-This case, involving the constitutionality of the license laws of Massachussetts, has been argued before the United States Supreme Court. The court have had it under advisement several days and on the 11th, the Chief Justice directed it to be continued and to be re-argued before the whole court. There are at present but seven judges on he bench, being two vacancies; and it is under stood that, in a question affecting the validity of a State law, the court will not set it aside unles majority of the whole court, that is five judges concur. The order for re-argument is equivalent to a division in the court upon the question. The question is one of great importance, affecting the powers of Congress, and has been strongly presented to the court.—Balt, Sun,

LATER FROM MEXICO .- Santa Anna still in Prison.-By the arrival at New Orleans of the steamship Alabama, from Havana, dates to the 31st ult., from Vera Cruz, have been received per the British steamship Tay.

Santa Anna still remained a prisoner at the Castels of Perote-the same cold, dreary and dismal place in which he so long held the unfortunate Texans in captivity. It is stated that the Grand Jury appointed to try the fallen tyrant, was furious against him, while the present Executive of Mexico manifested a feeling of clemency and at the same time of regret that he did not escape out of the country, and thus save the government further trouble. A letter dated Vera Cruz, January 31st., expresses the belief that the life of the tyrant would not be taken. His young wife was n prison with him, as was also an old friend of nis, Senor Lazaro Villamil.

Among the passengers by the Tay, was Senor Antonio Haro, Santa Anna's former Minister of Finance, who had made out to reach the coast in safety from Mexico. One of the editors of this paper, who came passenger in the Alabama, was informed at Havanna that Senor H. had escaped through the assistance of the English Consul at Vera Cruz, and that he came on board the Tay under an assumed name. Rejon was still at large and his whereabouts not known.

Santa Anna has sent, from Perote, a new com munication to the chambers, requesting that the passport for which he had already asked might be granted him, in which case he would banish him self perpetually from the country. He also stated that he would appoint an agent fully empowered and qualified to respond to any charges or claims made against him, leaving his landed estates and property as a guaranty for the satisfaction of all, and moreover speaks of the responsibility of his ministers. This communication the Grand Jury were acting upon in secret session on the night of the 23d ult., and the result of their deliberation's was not known.

LATER FROM FRANCE.—By the Zurich, at New York, accounts from France, five days later, Havre, to the 6th, and Paris to the 5th, have been receiv-

Cotton maintains its price firmly in the Havre The French papers are full of comments the President's Message, and particularly on Cal-houn's despatch to Mr. King, relative to England. The French press generally takes sides with the United States against England.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.] WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 14, 1845. Reception of the President Elect.

Reception of the President Elect.

The Telegraph having communicated the information that Col. Polk had arrived at the Relay House, and would proceed to this city, that fact was promulgated to the public generally, as in tones of thunder, by the artillery on Capitol Hill. With a precision only equalled in 1814, when the first alarm gun from Federal Hill, Balwhen the first alarm gun from Federal Hil when the first alarm gun from Federal Hill, Baltimore, announced the approach of the British, the spirit stirring drums of the respective Democratic Associations, responded, and the members hastened to form themselves, in procession. Thousands of citizens, without distinction of party, hastened to the Depot, and feelings of general joy provailed in every direction. At 7 o'clock, the procession, consisting of all the Democratic Associations of the District, with music and beautiful banners, moved along the Pennsylvania avenue, under direction of Lund Washington, Jr., Esq., chief marshal, and halted, in open order, near the Depot. The shrill whistle of the cars was now heard, and the interest already deep, rapidly increased—the train of cars move slowly along whilst peals of artillery again reverberated throughout the length and breath of the metropolis, and the north side of Capitol Hill was brilliantly illuminated with fire works of variegated colors.—On reaching the Depot, the air resounded with anthusiatic cheeps and the desire beautiful and the orthusiatic cheeps and the desire beautiful and the processing the Depot, the air resounded with On reaching the Depot, the air resounded with enthusiastic cheers, and the desire became intense, to obtain a view of the President elect, and his excellent lady. Man Dell' lady the president elect, and his excellent lady. Mrs. Polls left the car first, in company with Col. W. O. Butler, of Kentucky, and a large number of other friends. The Comand a large number of other friends. The Committee of Reception then entered, and escorted Col. Polk to the "Ladies Room," in the Depot, where Daniel Ratcliffe, Esq., of Alexandria, chairman of the committee, addressed him on the part of the Associations, in a handsome and eloquent manner. In the course of his remarks, Mr. R. observed that the body which he represented entertained no doubt that the President clear would tertained no doubt that the President elect would carry out those great and fundamental principles which could not fail to redound to the prosperity of our country—our whole country—to which, as the speaker proceeded, Col. Polk bowed assent.

The reply of the President elect was brief, high-

The reply of the President elect was brief, highly appropriate, without allusion to parties or policies, and delivered with a degree of case and elegance which even surpasses his style when in the halls of Congress. This part of the ceremonies being concluded, the music gave the signal of his progress, and, as he proceeded, in company with the Hon. George M. Dallas, Vice President elect, between the long lines of citizens the lively continued. between the long lines of citizens, the lively grati-fication they experienced was depicted in their countenances. The procession again moved, in order, to escort them to their apartments, at Coleman's National Hotel; but, numerous as were their numbers, they seemed to form but a small portion of the multitude, of all ages, sexes and occupations, which thronged to welcome their distinguished fellow citizens. So soon as they arrived at their quarters, the associations and citizens

retired. Although it was not generally understood that the President elect would receive visiters today, great numbers of persons have called to pay

FIRE.—The citizens of Winchester were aroused on Friday night last, about 11 o'clock, by the alarm of fire, occasioned by the burning of what was formerly called the Old Dutch Church, but of late years occupied by the Old Side Baptist, situated on the Eastern side of our town, where it has stood for near a century. Fortunately the houses were all covered with snow, or there would have been no telling what damage might have been done, as the wind carried many fragments into the heart of the town. It was a weather-boarded log building, and composed entirely of combustible materials, (after illuminating the whole town) burnt down in about an hour without doing any further damage—much to the mortification we presume of the sacrilegious wretch who fired it, for it certainly was the work of an incendiary, as there had been no meeting in it for several days previous.— Win. Virginian.

An express locomotive for the London Herald, over the Paris and Rouen Railroad, performed the distance (eighty-two miles) in ninety minutes!—The most extraordinary instance of rapidity, we believe, on record.

Mrs. Polk.

We have recently noticed in our exchange papers of both political parties, the most respectful and flattering compliments paid to the amiable and accomplished lady who is shortly to take charge of the "White House." We cannot refrain from copying the following complimentary tribute to Mrs. Polk, which is taken from the Southern (Miss.) Reformer, and we are sure that in this community where Mrs. Polk is best known, the compliment will be duly appreciated. Tennessee Democrat.

"This lady is one among the most sensible, refined, and accomplished of her sex, and will adorn the White House, at Washington, over which she is destined to preside, with distinguished honor to her country. All who have mingled in her society her country. All who have mingled in her society know well how to appreciate the gracefulness of her disposition. We have seen few women that have developed more of the genuine republican characteristics of the American lady. She has her admirers not only in the highest walks of life. The poor know her for her benevolence; the rich for the plainness of her equipage; the church for her consistency; the unfortunate for her charities; and society itself for the veneration and respect which her virtues have every where awarded her. We feel proud that the Southwest can boast of such a noble offspring."

OREGON AND CHINA.—In the petition forwerded to Congress by Mr. Whitney, of New York, praying for a grant of land, 60 miles in width and 2160 in length, from Lake Michigan to the Pacific, to aid him in the construction of a Railroad thro the grant, and for a survey of the route at the public expense, the distances are thus given: New York to Lake Michigan, Lake Michigan to the Pacific,

Total from New York to the Pacific, Thence to the Sandwich Islands, Sandwich Islands to Amoy, China, 3,000 2,100 4,100

Total from N. York to Amoy, 9,200

The estimated distance to Japan is 600 miles ess. Time required on the new route-8 days from New York to the Pacific, 22 days thence to Amoy—in all 30 days from New York to China. The estimated cost of the road is \$65,-000,000.

We regret to state that a young man by the name of Michael Freymore, of this county, accidently shot himself on Saturday last. He was in the act of loading a pistol when it by some means discharged itself, the ball passing through his head, causing almost instant death.

[Augusta Democrat. THUNDER AND LIGHTNING .- On Sunday morn-THUNDER AND LIGHTNING.—On Sunday morning, not long after midnight, New York was visited by a severe storm of rain, accompanied by three distinct flashes of lightning, and loud and terrific peals of thunder. It was a storm worthy of midsummer and the tropics. The house of Moses H. Grinnell, in College place, received a stroke of this winter lightning. It shivered one of the dormer windows, and descended to the basement, smashed another window, and then passed into the ground another window, and then passed into the ground without doing any farther damage.

A COLORED COLONY exists in Canada, of 15, A Colored Colow exists in Canada, of 15, 000 self-emancipated slaves. All made their excape from different slave-holding States, at different periods, and by different processes; some have resided there for about fifteen years, but the majority for a shorter period. They are not compactly located, but scattered over a territory, a hundred miles in length by sixty in breadth; the southern point is about forty miles above Detroit, Michigan, on the eastern side of the river. So says a Detroit paper. says a Detroit paper.

The New Orleans Picayune says that peach trees are in full bloom, in the neighborhood of that

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.] WASHINGTON, Feb. 15, 1845.

Senate.—Memorials from various quarters ask-ing for the annexation of Canada, and other por-tions of the British empire, were presented, and

The French spoliation bill coming up on its passage, was postponed till Monday.

A report from the joint committee appointed to inform the President of his election, was made and entered on the journal. Several other trifling matters, having been disposed of, the Senate took up the Texas resolu-

Mr. Rives having the floor, made a speech of about three hours against this mode of annexation.

A bill, extending the provisions of the act authorizing the banks to issue small notes, passed January 26, 1843, was ordered to engressment—

fect it, was by treaty. House of Representatives.—Mr. McKay, from the committee of ways and means, reported a joint resolution, directing the Secretary of the Treasury, in all cases where States do not pay the interest in their stocks owned by government, to deduct the amount from the sales of the public lands in

Mr. Stewart moved to amend by requiring the

Secretary of the Treasury to pay over the fourth Instalment of the surplus revenue.

The amendment was rejected, and the joint resolutions read twice. The question then being on their third reading, Mr. Hardin gave notice of de-

Mr. Pratt gave notice, that when the general appropriation bill shall come up, he will move to amend it by inserting a provision for a commissions.

sioner to China.

Mr. Burke, from the joint committee to wait on the President elect, to inform him of his election, made a report setting forth that the committee had performed the duty assigned them, and giving the reply of the President and Vice President elect.—

were entered on the journal. After the disposal of several unimportant matters, the House went into committee of the whole, and took up the bill making appropriation for the

WASHINGTON, FEB. 18, 1845. Senate.—Petitions relative to Texas, naturalization and post office reform, were presented and laid on the table.

Mr. Berrien in answer to a question from Mr. Allen, stated that the naturalization commissions in Philadelphia and Baltimore have been closed but that nothing has been heard from the commission at New Orleans. .

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the Texas resolution.

Mr. Choate made a long speech, arguing that the power to annex foreign territories is not to be

ound in the constitution.

Mr. Henderson has the floor to-morrow. House of Representatives .- Numerous petitions in favor of a reduction of postage, were presented

and laid on the table. Mr. Pratt moved to go into committee of the whole on the bill making appropriation for furniture, &c., for the White House.

The motion to go into committee prevailed. Mr. Hardin hoped the committee would take up the Senate bill for the reduction of postage. He wanted to see whether any action upon it was to The bill to provide for the White House was ta-

he bill to provide for the white House was al-ken up. It appropriates \$20,000.

Mr. Henley was in favor of striking out \$20,-000 and inserting \$10,000. He thought there had been a very prodigal expenditure of money in that house. The speeches about the 'gold spoons,' etc., had some truth in them. He then fired some heavy broadsides against expenditures in other quarters, more especially in relation to the pay of

nembers of Congress.

Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, considered the appropriation as a part of the compensation of the Pre-sident elect. He argued that \$25,000 a year for President was too great a salary for any mortal man. He went on to state that it had cost Government on an average \$5,000 a year to furnish the White House. He was in favor of reducing the salary of the President to \$20,000 a year. He avowed himself a warm friend of the President elect and said he did not make these objections from any ill feeling to him, but from a pure love

agance. All he wanted was plain, substantial fur-

Mr. Douglass said he did not believe any man had ever been in the White House, without feeling mortified at the shabby condition of the furniture. The chairs were broken backed, the carpets were worn out, and the spoons were not fit for a decent man to eat with. The money expended was not for the President. It was done for as security. Previous to the close of the exami-

it was rejected, by a vote of yeas 62—nays 70.

The House then went into committee of the whole upon the general appropriation bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19, 1845. Senate.-The consideration of the Texas resolutions were again resumed.

Mr. Henderson having the floor, made a long

speech in favor of annexation. House of Representatives .- After the disposal of some unimportant business, Mr. Slidell moved a re-consideration of the vote by which the bill pro-

viding for the White House was rejected yesterday. He supported the motion by a sensible speech, in which he proved that the furniture of the house is not in a state fit for the reception of decent company.

A re-consideration was agreed to by a decided

A re-consideration was agreed to by a decided majority, and after several speeches, in some of which was close cutting, the bill was again rejected by a tie vote. The bill was again brought up, and several amendments proposed, which finally passed, appropriating \$14,000 for furniture, and \$6,000 for repairing and painting the house. The furniture is to be of American manufacture provided it can be procured as cheap as foreign.

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.

SATURDAY, Feb. 15, 1845. The House has been holding evening sessions The House has been holding evening sessions for several days, and has been very busy upon the Right of Way bill for the Baltimore Railroad Company. The debate has been conducted with much ability by Mr. Edgington on the part of Wheeling, and by Mr. Jackson, Mr. Lee, Mr. Stephenson, Mr. Carson, and Mr. Pendleton, on the part of Parkersburg and the Northwest generally.

Mr. Edgington's amendment prevailed, on Fri-

Mr. Edgington's amendment prevailed, on Friday evening, by a vote of 85 to 38, making Wheeling the terminus. It is now doubtful whether the Company will accept the bill in its present form. I suppose it will pass the Senate.

If the Baltimore Company buy the Winchester Road, they are allowed the privilege of changing the location, provided they keep up all the Depots now established. This last amendment was offered by Mr. Turner. ed by Mr. Turner.

ed by Mr. Turner.

The bill authorizing the Odd Fellows at Harpers-Ferry to hold a building, and to take legal bonds from its Treasurer, which was rejected last week, has been reconsidered and a portion of it stricken out. It will now probably pass the House.

The Report of a Committee, adverse to a division of Fauquier, was laid on the table, after a motion by Mr. Marshall to reverse the decision.

In the Senare, on Thursday, the Recolution

In the SENATE, on Thursday, the Resolution from the House, for the election of a United States Senator on the 14th, was taken up, and postpaned indefinitely, without debate—ayes 17, noes 14—Messrs. Sloan, Crawford, and Baptist, of the Democracy voting against the postponement. So it is now certain there will be no election of Senator the present winter.

Both Houses have rescinded the order for adjourning on the 17th, finding it impossible to finish the business by that time, and have agreed to adjourn on Thursday the 20th.—Cor, of Free Press.

Monday, Feb. 17. In Senate.—The bill to authorize the I. O. O. F. at Harpers-Ferry, to hold a limited amount of property, was passed.

Also, the bill authorizing the Treasurer to make a temporary loan on behalf of the Commonwealth.

Passed.

Passed.

In the House.—On motion of Mr. McPherson, the 10th March, 1846, was the time fixed, for the surrender of the Winchester & Potomac Railroad to the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company.

On motion of Mr. Carson, the amount of State

Stock, on which the Company is to pay an annuity to the State, was fixed at \$314,460.

56 to 25. It allows the issue of one and two dollar notes, not exceeding 6 per cent. on the respective capitals of the several banks. The bill to amend the militia laws was laid on

the table, on motion of Mr. WATTS.

Mr. GRUBB presented the petition of citizens of Loudoun, for the incorporation of a Company to make a Turnpike from Snicker's Gap Turnpike

Jems of News.

A'NEW MOVEMENT .- The Abolitionists of Pittsburg held a meeting, a few evenings since, and adopted resolutions recommending the Senators and Representatives in Congress from Pennsylvania to use their influence to have the Capitol of the United States removed from Washington to Allegany county, Pa, on account of the existence of slavery in the District of Columbia.

A NEW DISEASE .- The Alton (Illinois) Telegraph, of the 8th instant, states that a most malignant disease has made its appearance in the neigh-borhood of that city, called the "cold plague," which generally carries off its victims in the course of two or three days. The patient is first seized by a chill, which usually lasts about two hours, and is succeeded by a violent fever, with intense pain in the head, chest or limbs. The sufferer some-times sinks under the fever which follows the first chill, but most frequently under the second. A number of names are given of those who have al-

GROWTH OF WASHINGTON.—During the past year, there were erected in the city of Washington 357 buildings, 18 shops, and 24 additions; and 15,080 feet of payement were laid. The population is estimated at 30,426. The assessment in 1844, estimated the value of buildings at \$5,288,758 and of personal property at \$1,209,500.

IJ A correspondent of the Martinsburg Gazette, states that a most shocking murder was committed in Morgan county, on the 17th inst., on the person of WM. BROOKS, an old and worthy citizen, by Nelson Harper. So far as ascertained, it was committed without any one ex-tenuating circumstance or the least provocation. Both of them lived in the country, and were going home from Bath in company with two others, and on their separating, Hooper drew a large butch-er's knife and stabbed Brooks through the heart, killing him instantaneously.

BOSTON STILL WITHOUT A MAYOR .- The citizens of Boston tried for the seventh time, on Wednesday, to elect a Mayor, but with no better success than on former occasions. The re-sult was as follows:—Davis, (Native,) 4,329; Parker, (Whig.) 3,340; Horner, (Dem.,) 1,450; scattering, 17. A trial was made at the same time to elect three Aldermen, but with the same

A NEAT REPLY.—John Quincy Adams, who of late has degenerated into an absolute virage and quarrels with every thing outside of Massachu-setts, took occasion in one of his speeches in the House of Representatives, to taunt Mr. Owen of Indiana with foreign birth. When Mr. Owen rose to reply, he pointed to Mr. Adams and said: "That gentleman takes to himself great merit— and why? He is an American by accident and a Republican from policy, while I am an American by *choice* and a Republican from principle."— Mr. O. might have added that his Republicanism Mr. Dillingham argued that if the people would have so large a house for the President, it ought his whole kindred in its benefits, and not confined, to be furnished in such a way as to comport with the size. He was however no advocate for extrav-

THE CASE OF MCNULTY .- The investigation as security. Previous to the close of the exami-nation he stated his belief that he would be able the honor of the country.

Finally the bill was reported to the House, when to make good his accounts by the time the trial came on.

The hardest grapple on earth is that which obtains between pride and poverty; and the man who bas become the disputed province of these two belligerents, is a stranger to repose and hapbiness.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET-Feb. 20. Reported for the Baltimore Sun.

[Reported for the Baltimore Sun.]

FLOUR.—There is still no activity in the flour market; stock very small. We note sales of about 500 bbls. good standard brands Howard street, yesterday and this morning, from store, at \$4,25; and a sale of 100 bbls. choice at \$4,25. The receipt price is \$4 124, from wagons and railroads. Nothing doing in City Mills flour; holders generally ask \$4 374.

GRAIN.—There is very little doing in wheat, on account of the small quantity in market. The arrivals are principally by railroads and wagons. Small sales of good to prime Md. reds at 85 a 90 cts., as in quality. Limited sales of Md. Corn at 42 a 43 cts. for white, 43 a 44 for yellow. Maryland Oats are worth 27 a 28 cents, and Cloverseed \$4 a \$4 25 per bushel.

PROVISIONS.—There is a very lively demand for Bacon, and considerable sales of rough Western, assorted, have been made at 55 cents; while choice prime parcels are selling at 6 cts. The sales of Baltimore cured are large at the following mates: Hams 74 a 8 cts.; Sides 54 a 6 cents; Shoulders 54, and assorted 6.

WHISKEY.—The market for this article continues dull. We note sales of bbls. at 22 a 224 cents, and of hlads. at 214 cents.

Miscellaneous Notices.

Charlestown Lyceum.

The following question has been selected for the dis-ussion on Wednesday evening, 5th February:— "DO THE CONSTITUTIONAL LAWS OF OUR COUNTRY SUFFICIENTLY PROTECT THE RIGHTS OF WOMEN!" The public are respectfully invited to attend.

Punctual attendance of the members is requested.

BY ORDER OF THE PRESIDENT.

Feb. 21. ORDER OF PROCESSION Of the Temperance Society of Shepherdstown, on 22d February, instant. MARSHALL,

Masonic Fraternity, Shepherdstown Band, Reverend Clergy, Speakers,
Members of the Choir,
Presidents of different Temperance Societies,
Berkeley County Temperance Society,
Harpers-Ferry do do
Charlestown do do
Smithfield do do
Elk Bersely do do

Shannandale do do
Shepherdstown do do
Male Boys of the different Sunday Schools,
Independent Order Odd Fellows,
Citizens and Strangers,
MARSHALL.

By Order,
THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:
Shepherdstown, Feb 21, 1845.

In this town, on Wednesday evening last, by the Rev. Alex. Jones, ERASMUS S. TATE, ESQ.-to Miss MARY ANN, daughter of the late Capt. John Packett of the United

Alex. Jones, Erasmus S. Tate, Feg., and Miss. Mary Ann, daughter of the late Capt. John Packett of the United States Navy.

On the 13th instant, at Mr. John H. Allstadt's, cross roads, by the Rev. Jas. Sanks, Mr. John L. Steward to Miss Mary Elizabeth Griffith, all of this county.

On Thursday Inst, by the Rev. Jno. J. Suman, Mr. Jro., W. Packett, to Miss Mary R. Shault, eldest daughter of Mr. John Shaull, all of this county.

In Harpers-ferry, on the 4th inst., by the Rev. John O'Bryne, Mr. John Tearnery to Miss Laura Cathlarine, second daughter of Mr. Jon. Kershner, of Hagerstown, Md.

On Thursday the 14th inst., by the Rev. J. Chisholm, Mr. David Stucker, to Miss Susan, daughter, of Lew-is Grantham, Esq., of Berkeley county.

DIED.

On Thursday the 23d January, of scarlet fever, Ann AMELIA, aged 4 years and 11 months. And on Monday the 27th January, of scarlet fever, Congan R., aged 2 years 5 months and 7 days, children of Dr. Mann P. Nelson, of Smithfield.

years 5 months and 7 days, children of Dr. Mann P.
Nelson, of Smithfield.

On the 23d ult., in Shippensburg, Penn., Mrs. Jane
Doxavin of that place, and mother of Mr. John Donavin
of this town, aged about 85 years.

At Harpers-Ferry, on the 14th alt., Mrs. Hannah Ellen
Holdt, wife of Mr. John W.Holdt, in the 34th year of her
age. Notwithstanding we are naturally led to sorrow in
consequence of the decease of our friend, yet we are consoled in the firm belief that her spirit, while her body slumbers in the tomb, is happy in the paradise of God.—
Mrs. H., as I am informed, embraced religion about fourteen years previous to her demise, at which time she
joined the Methodist E. Church, and was a worthy and
exemplary member until her decease. Few perhaps have
ever manifested in their lives and conversation a more
perfect fulfilment of the divine precepts "to love God
with all thy heart, soul and strength, and thy neighbor
as thyself." Throughout every department of her life, it
may be said that her exemplary conduct made her an
example, and in its last scenes she was supported and
emboldened by the blessings of that religion which she
professed and enjoyed. Her death, was truly a triumphant death! She was enabled even in the agonies of
expiring nature to shout the praises of her Redeemer.
Death to her had lost its sting; the grave possessed no
terrors for her spirit. She was willing to resign her all
into the hands of her Saviour, whom she had loved and
served in the days of her health, and now that she was
called to pass through the "dark valley of the shadow of
death," like a true Chistian she could feel

Death is the gate to endless joys,
Why should I fear to enter there.

Death is the gate to endless joys, Why should I fear to enter there.

By the death of Mrs. H. a husband and three small children are irreparably bereaved; the last of whom will never know a mother's smile, nor feel the warm tear big with maternal regard, fall upon its tender cheek; it being but a few weeks old when its mother died.

Grand Instrumental and Vocal CONCERT,

BY MONS. CANDERBRECK, MADAME CANDER-BEECK, and MRS. WARD, at the Court-room in Charlestown,

THES EVENERG. (Friday, February 21st, 1845,) For One Night Only.

For Programme, see small bills.

Admission 25 Cents-No Half Price. [It has been unusual for Mons. Canderbeeck announce the above low price of admission, but as the public feeling necessarily establishes the price of all amusements, and as that is every where in favor of reduction, he submits to it with cheerfulness and respect:]

ITTo commence at 7 o'clock. Tickets to be



THE subscribers propose running, for the accommodation of such as may wish to be in Washington at the Inauguration of Mr. Polk, their fast and superior packet-boat, the ELIZABETH. The boat will leave the Old Furnace at 111, and Harpers-Ferry at 1½ o'clock, on Saturday, first of March. The fare for going and returning, will be only one dollar and fifty cents. A supply of provision will be prepared for the accommodation of the passengers, without charge, but all who can make it convenient are requested to supply themselves with a small portion.

The time for returning, will be left discretionary with a majority of the passengers. Every effort will be used to make the trip a pleasant one.

M. H. & V. W. MOORE. Old Furnace, Feb. 21, 1845.

HAVE a small Boy for hire. Also, a good work Horse for sale, at a low price, for cash. Feb. 21. FRANCIS YATES. Feb. 21.

FOR RENT. THE large BRICK HOUSE on Main street, Charlestown, near the Valley Bank, at present in the occupancy of Geo. W. Ranson, Esq., is for rent the next year. Possession given the 1st of April. JOHN STEPHENSON. Feb. 21, 1845.

Saw Mill Notice. THE subscribers feeling grateful for past fa-vors, would return their thanks for the liberal patronage extended to them, and would respect-fully solicit a continuance. They are prepared to saw at the following prices: 40 cents per 100 ft. board measure; 20 cents per hundred feet running, for shingling, lathing and paling; or we will

saw for the third log.
WERNWAG & SCHOFIELD. Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 21, 1845-3t. -Persons who have accounts with us are equested to settle the same.

PUBLIC SALE. WILL be sold at public sale, at the late residence of Jacob Myers, on the East side of the Shenandoah River, near Kabletown, on

Friday the 7th day of March next,

the following property:
5 head of good Work Horses;
One 2 year old Colt; 11 head of Cattle; 35 Hogs, 22 Sheep, &c.

Farming Implements: Such as Ploughs, Harrows, &c.; Wagon and Wood Ladders; Two Wheat Fans.

Household and Kitchen Furniture, of all kinds, including 1 Eeight-day Clock.
Also—A number of Bee stands;

Timothy Hay, by the ton; A lot of Walnut and Poplar Plank; and a variey of articles not necessary to mention.

TERMS.—A credit of nine months will be iven on all sums of \$5 and upwards, by the purhaser giving bond with approved security. For all sums under that amount, the cash will be required. No property to be removed, until the terms of sale are complied with. Sale to take place at 10 o'clock

JOSEPH MYERS, Adm'r. Feb. 21, 1845.

PUBLIC SALE. WILL be sold, at public sale, on THURS-residence of my father, near Cameron's Depot, the



-ALSO-Household and Kitchen FURNITURE;

Three new Wheat Fans;
A number of Joiner's Tools, &c.

TERMS.—A credit until the 1st of October will be given on all sums of \$5 and upwards, by the purchaser giving bond with approved security. Sums under \$5, the cash will be required.

Sale early in the day.

ABRAHAM MYERS.

THESPIAN ASSOCIATION. SECOND EXHIBITION.

THE citizens of Charlestown and its vicinity are respectfully informed that the second erformance of the season will take place in their Iall, (the lower room of the Academy.)

Saturday evening, 22d February. They return their acknowledgments to friends and the public generally, for the large and respect-ble audience afforded them on the 17th, and trust that they will be able to realize the expectations of their friends on the 22d, on which occasion they vill present the amusing Farce entitled

The Spoiled Child:

Old Pickle, Little Pickle, Tagg, Thomas Maria, Margery.

SECOND. A SAILOR'S BORNPIPE will be danced, in full costume.

THIRD Will again be presented, the highly popular

arce entitled THE BLUE DEVILS. Demisou, James, Annette, Bailiff.

FOURTH. The laughable farce will again be presented

The Mummy, or the Liquor of Life. Capt. Canter, | Toby Tramp, | Fanny, Mandragon, Cold Tramp, Susan, Theophilus.

FIFTH. The whole to conclude with a new Farce, which has been much admired for its amusing character, entitled

THE VILLAGE LAWYER: Scout, Justice Mittimus, Mrs. Scout, Snarl. Kate, Sheepface, Constable, Clerk, &c. Tickets 25 cents-no half price.

Good Music has been engaged An officer will be in attendance to insure good Feb. 21, 1845.

NOTICE.

A LL persons indebted to the Estate of the late Mrs. Nancy Jones, are requested to come forward and make immediate settlement; and all persons having claims against said estate are reuested to present them properly authenticated. Feb. 21—3t, CHARLES JACKSON.

SADDLES: SADDLES:

THE subscriber is now making up at his establishment, one door East of Mr. Wm. S. Lock's Store, and immediately opposite the Bank of the Valley, a first-rate lot of

SAUDEES, which he has no hesitation in pronouncing supe rior to any made in this section of country. Also, Bridles and Martingales,

made of the very best material, and in the most workmanlike manner. He would call the attention of farmers particu-larly, to his lot of COLLARS, as he has them of all sizes, and made both neat and strong

Harness Made and Repaired at the shortest notice.

As he is working at reduced prices, he feels confident that he can please all who may call on him.

WILLIAM HICKS, Agent. Charlestown, Feb. 14, 1845-3t. New Goods. THE subscribers are now receiving a fresh supply of seasonable Goods.

Feb. 14. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Rare Chance. 1500 LBS. first-rate Spanish and Country SOLE LEATHER, which I will sell to any person taking 100 or more lbs., at 21 cents per lb. Less quantities, 23 cents Cash,— 25 cents per lb. for all that is Booked, invariably.

Feb. 14. THOMAS RAWLINS. SPRING GOODS.

JUST received—3-4 7-8 4-4 heavy Brown Cottons; 4-4 heavy Twilled Osnaburg do.; 7-8 and 4-4 plain do do.; Penitentiary and common Plaids; Heavy Domestic Prints, dark and strong colors; American Nankeens;

No. 1, 2 and 3 Burlaps Linens.
Also, Cotton Batts, Candlewick, Cotton and Carpet Chain. All of which will be sold to Farmers or others at small advances, either by piece or otherwise. Dealers generally are invited to examine our stock before purchasing.

Feb. 14. J. J. MILLER & WOODS.

OIL CLOTH, of superior quality, for sale by Feb 14. J. J. MILLER & WOODS.

NEGRO WOMAN for hire. Enquire of Feb. 14. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

PUBLIC SALE. IN pursuance of the terms of a Deed of Trust, executed by John Sharff, on the 23rd day of June, 1843, to me, as trustee, for the use of Conrad Kownslar and others, I shall, on Tuesday the 11th day of March

next, on the farm of the said Sharff, near Leetown, n this county, proceed to sell at public auction A NEGRO BOY,

about 15 years of age; two Spike Threshing Ma chines; one set of Blacksmith's Tools; One Hundred Head of Sheep; Ten Milch Cows; fifteen head of Young Catttle; one Broad-tread Wag-on with Gears &c.; one Narrow-tread

do.; a Barouche and Harness; ONE STALLION

and several WORK-HORSES, together with a large number of Farming Imple

nents and a quantity of Household and Kitchen Furniture. Terms of Sale-CASH. HENRY BEDINGER, Trustee. Feb. 14, 1845.

Town Lots For Sale. FOUR Town Lots, each 1-4 of an acre, well I fenced in, and situated in the most public and business part of the town. They would suit

persons of small means exceedingly well. They would be sold for good paper. Early application will suit best terms. Enquire at February 14, 1845. THIS OFFICE. K NITTING COTTON—Bleached, unbleached, and mixed, of various sizes, for sale by

Spring Negro Clothing. BURLAPS, Linen, Brown Cotton, Osnaburg, and Plaid and Stripe Cottons—for sale low. Feb. 14. E. M. AISQUITH. TRIAL OF BISHOP ONDERDONK, and

the Bishop's Statement, for sale by Feb. 14. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

disappointed or dissatisfied.
WILLIAM J. STEPHENS. A N ELEGANT SLEIGH, for sale. Feb. 7. E. M. AISC E. M. AISQUITH. LARD LAMPS.—Just received, another sup-ply of those handsome Marble Base Lard Lamps, which will be sold low by Jan. 31. CHA'S G. STEWART. CLOVER SEED, Elegantly cleaned, and raised in the neighborhood—for sale by

E. M. AISQUITH.

Houses for Rent.

THE House on the corner opposite
the Bank, formerly occupied by
F. W. & R. B. Rawlins as a Tin Shop,
and recently by me as a Store-house,
is for rent the ensuing year.
Also, the House and Lot adjoining my residence

Also, the House and Lot adjoining my residence.
These houses can be had upon reasonable terms by paying the rent quarterly, and giving good security.

- THOMAS RAWLINS.
Feb. 14, 1845.

Saddle and Harness Manufactory.

THE undersigned would take occasion to return thanks to his many kind friends for the liberal encouragement extended towards him for the last few years. With the commencement of the new year he has been enabled to make a change in his business, which will prove alike of advantage to his customers, and beneficial to himself. He will still continue to manufacture, in the most approved style, and of the best materials, every description of every description of

Saddles, Carriage & Wagon Harness, equal, if not superior, to that of any other manufactory in this section of country.

Also, will be kept constantly on hand, or manufactured to order, the most approved style of TRAVELLING TRUNKS,

of all sizes, and at the most reasonable prices.

A call from old friends and new is still solicited, believing from long experience in his business, and a desire to please, mutual satisfaction will be rendered. Work will be sold at prices to suit the times, for cash, or to good customers on the usual

COUNTRY PRODUCE, will be taken in ex change for work, at the market price.

JOHN BROOK, Agent. Charlestown, Feb. 7, 1845-6m.

WINTER BOOTS.—A large assortment Also, heavy Coarse Boots for gentlemen.

Also, heavy coarse Boots, for Servants and hildren.

E. M. AISQUITH. Feb. 7, 1845.

NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned having purchased the entire STOCK OF DRY GOODS, &c. of Mr. C. W. Aisquith, will continue the business at his Old Stand, where they will sell goods on such terms as cannot fail to please. They can say that they will always be found at their post, and will make every exertion to please, and hope to receive a share of the public favor. Business will be Ensom Salts—Roll Brimstone, done under the name of

HARRIS & HAMMOND. Charlestown, Feb. 7, 1845.

JEFFERSON BOOT AND SHOE



No. 1, Miller's Row.

JAMES McDANIEL tenders his sincere thanks to his friends and customers for their liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and the public friends and the public generally, that the Boot and Shoe-making will be carried on in its various branches, with re energy, under the name of JAMES McDANIEL & Co., who will have on hand at all times, the best materials, and also the very best workmen that can be procured, and will warrant their work to be inferior to none made in the Valley, and at prices which (they humbly conceive) will render entire satisfaction. They hope the plain, as well as the most fashionable, will give them a call.

J. McDaniel will always be found at his post, and will exert every effort to give satisfaction.

Ladies will at all times be waited on at their nouses, and the work returned, when done. We expect to keep on hand a considerable supply of all kinds of work. Persons who patronize us may rely upon the work being done promptly,

and our cash prices cannot be beat. J. McDANIEL, SAMUEL RIDENOUR. Charlestown, Feb. 14, 1845-tf. N. B. A journeyman wanted immediately the ladies bench.

Additional Supply of Hardware. HAVE just received, in addition to my former Stock, a good supply of the following articles: Jackscrews, Bramble Scythes, Cross-cut Saws; Corn and Garden Hoes; Hand-axes, Plasterer's Hatchets, Cooper's Fros;

Steel Traps, Sheep-bells; Patent Lever Shot Chargers, Percussion Caps : Brass and Iron Hat and Coat Pins ; Cutting Nippers; Back-chains, Curbs; Bed-screws, Hammers, Padlocks, Files, Rasps.

&c., making my assortment almost complete, all of which I will sell on the very best terms. January 31. THOMAS RAWLINS. CHEAP OVER-COATS.—Over-Coats heavy and warm, ready made for sale at \$5 a piece by J. J. MILLER & WOODS,

RESH GARDEN SEEDS .-- A large and general assortment of Fresh Garden Seeds just received and for sale by Jan. 31, 1845. J. H. BEARD & CO. WANTED. A NY quantity of good, clean Clover Seed, for which the highest market price will be given.

Jan. 31.

E. M. AISQUITH.

Jan. 31, 1845.

A NEGRO BOY, about eighteen or nineteen years old—a tolerable good Blacksmith.— PRINTER,

January 3, 1845. NEW & FASHIONABLE GOODS! And Cheap, at that!

which for beauty, quality, and price, I challenge, not only Harpers-Ferry, but all Jefferson county, to produce a parallel. My stock is now large and complete, and consists, in part, as follows:

Superior French, English, and American Cloths, of almost every color and quality; Superior French, English, and American Cassimeres, ribbed, striped, cross-barred, and plain, a great variety; iperior Satinets, ribbed, cross-barred and plain various colors;

Superior French and English Vestings, rery superior; Superior Valencias, Merinos, plain and figured Silk and Silk Velvet Vestings, an extensive assortment.
Also—A very large assortment of

Ready-made Clothing,

such as Dress Coats, Frock Coats, Over Coats, Sack Coats and Coatees, Roundabouts, Vests and Pants, Hats and Caps, Boots, Shoes and Trunks; all of which I will sell at unprecedented low The public are respectfully requested to call and examine my stock previous to purchasing elsewhere; and I feel satisfied that none will go away

Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 7, 1845. Cure for Rheumatism.

AMBAUGH'S COMPOSITION—A fresh supply of this valuable medicine, for either Chronic or Inflamatory Rheumatism. Just prepared and for sale by January 31, 1845.

BALTIMORE CITY.

JOHN WONDERLY, Formerly Conductor of the Balt. & Ohio

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
China, Glass and Liverpool Ware-House, No. 47, South street, Baltimore,

NFORMS his friends and the public in general, al, that he will sell any articles in his line of business as cheap, or perhaps cheaper than any other house in this city. He respectfully invites a call from his friends, and then they can judge for the truth of the above.

D Packing warranted, and Stone-ware for sale

FOUNTAIN INN. [LATE BELTZHOOVER'S,]

W. W. DIX, ARTHUR L. FOGG, PROPRIETORS, HAVING leased this extensive and favorite establishment, and entirely renovated and refitted it thoroughly, so that it can compare advantageously with any similar establishment in the Union, have no hesitation in endeavoring to attract the attention of the travelling public to this favorite Hotel. If the most strenaous exertions, joined to every possible convenience to be found elsewhere, can insure success, they pledge them cally that its former walles are dependent as the literature and the strength of the stre selves that its former well-earned reputation, shall not only be merited but surpassed.

In accordance with the difficulties of the time

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 15, 1844-1v.

Medicines, &c., viz: Bull's Sarsaparilla-Sands' Sarsaparilla. Chapman's Worm Mixture-Swaim's Panacea,

Together with a general assortment of Perfu-mery and Fancy articles.

dating terms, and to give general satisfaction to those who may favor him with their orders. All

All of which he is prepared to sell on accommo-

Baltimore, November 15, 1844-tf. COULSON & Co. (Successors to William Emack,)

No. 4, S. Liberty st., BALTIMORE, K EEP constantly on hand a large and general assortment of

cash, or the usual credit to punctual customers. Baltimore, Nov. 22, 1844-6m. Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c. &c., THE Subscriber keeps constantly for sale, on the most liberal terms, a general assortment of Medicines, Drugs, Dyestuffs, Paints,

pose of grinding Spices, &c., he is enabled to sell these at the very lowest prices, and of as good a quality as it is possible to get them.

No charge for delivering goods in any part of N. B .- Country merchants dealing in Putty

152, West Pratt street, opposite Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road Depot. Baltimore, Nov. 29, 1844—3m—pd. GEORGE W. SAPPINGTON, JR.,

Jan. 10, 1845-tf. WICKLIFFE ACADEMY,

THE First Session of the current year of this Institution will commence on the 3d of February next. In conducting the educational interests of the school it will be the constant design of the Principal to adopt that plan of instruction and government, which will furnish the best facilities the student for the successful prosecution of is studies, and effect a vigorous development and discipline of the intellectual faculties, the cultivation of the moral susceptibilities, tending to unfold and mature those qualities that form the basis of an efficient and manly character. The course of study will include, besides the elementary English branches, Rhetoric, Logic, the Exact and Physical Sciences, the Greek and Roman Glassics, together with Moral and Intellectual Those Text Books will be used that

THE undersigned has just returned from the Eastern markets, with a new and splendid assortment of Eastern markets. Some place of Eastern markets with a new and splendid assortment of Eastern markets, with a new and splendid assortment of Eastern markets and the contract markets are also as a splendid assortment of Eastern markets and the contract markets are also as a splendid assortment of Eastern markets and the contract markets are also as a splendid assortment of Eastern markets and the contract markets are also as a splendid assortment of Eastern markets are also as a splendid assortment of Eastern markets are also as a splendid assortment of Eastern markets are also as a splendid assortment of Eastern markets are also as a splendid assortment of Eastern markets are also as a splendid assortment of Eastern markets are also as a splendid assortment of Eastern markets are als ducation are respectfully invited to attend.

> Rev. Dr. Bates, Massachusetts, Rev. Dr. Beaman, Troy, N. Y., Rev. Dr. Merrill, Vermont, Rev. Dr. Labaree, do Prof. S. Stoddard, do Hon. Wm. C. Rives, U. S. Senator, Hon. Silas Wright, do Hon. S. J. Phelps, Hon. Rufus Choate,

Hon. J. J. Crittenden, do Hon. A. H. H. Stuart, House of Rep. Hon. G. P. Marsh, J. Bruce, Esq., Winchester, F. Converse, Principal Academy Leesburg, Jan. 24, 1845.

WANTED.

A SERVANT GIRL, from 14 to 18 years of age, who has some knowledge of housework, is wanted for the present year. A good situation and a fair price will be offered, to one who can come recommended. Enquire of Jan. 24—3t.*

THE PRINTER.

SEGARS.—Another fresh supply of those celebrated old Regalias.

Also, Principe Segars and Lilly of Va. Tobacco—just received and for sale by

January 31. THOMAS RAWLINS.

CAOR-ZEAR

t factory prices. Baltimore, Nov. 15, 1844—tf.

LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

they have determined to reduce their charges to correspond. TERMS \$1,25 PER DAY.

A CARD.

THE subscriber would respectfully call the attention of Merchants, Apothecaries, and others in Virginia and elsewhere, to his assort-

Drugs, Paints, Oils, Spices, Patent

Epsom Salts—Roll Brimstone,
Magnesia, Calcined and lump,
Oil of Lemon and other Oils,
Flowers of Sulphur—Calomel—Hydrosublimed,

goods will be warranted fresh and genuine.
SOLOMON KING, Druggist,
No. 8, South Calvert st.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, &c., which they offer upon accommodating terms for

Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes &c. Having a Steam Mill in operation, for the pur-

would do well to give the subscriber a call, as he has patented a machine for making this article, and sells it much below the market price. JAMES W. W. GORDON,

WILL attend the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley and Clarke counties. Residence—Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va.

CLARKE COUNTY, VIRGINIA. H. BROWN FARRAR, A. B., PRINCIPAL.

Philosophy. Those Text Books will be used that are best adapted to promote a thorough scholarship, and symmetrical growth of the mental powers, preparing the student for the practical duties of a business life, or admission into any of the colleges of the Union. An exact record of the daily attendance, recitations and deportment of the advanced scholars will be kept, and a weekly recent submitted to their preparation.

education are respectfully invited to attend.

In addition to the privilege of reference to the Rev. Mr. Wilmer, Rector of Wickliffe Parish, Rev. W. B. Dutton, Charlestown, Rev. Henry W. Dodge, Berryville, the Trustees and Patrons of of the Academy, the Principal has in his possession recommendations from the Faculty of the College at which he was graduated, and the fol-

owing gentlemen :-

Miscellaneous.

On the Loveliness of Woman.

It is not the smiles of a pretty face, nor the tint of thy complexion, nor the beauty and symetry of thy person, nor yet the costly robes and decorations that compose thy artificial beauty—No!-Nor that enchanting glance which thou dartest with such lustre on the man thou deignest worthy of thy affection. It is thy pleasing deportment thy chaste conversation, sensibility, and the purity of thy thoughts—thy adiable and open disposition—sympathizing with those in adversity—comforting the afflicted—relieving the distressed comforting the afflicted—relieving the distressed more old. "Frailty, thy name is woman!" She rapped on the lid with her knuckles—it had a cufeigned and perfect regard of the precepts of christianity. These virtues constitute thy LOVELINESS. Adorned with but those of nature and simplicity, they will shine like the refulgent sun, and display to they will shine like the refugent sun, and display man that the loveliness of thy person is not to be found in the tinsel ornaments of the body, but in found in the tinsel ornaments of the body, but in found in the tinsel ornaments of the body but in can do no harm to look into it," thought she: "so spent life, that soar above the transient vanities of this world. And when thy days are ended here upon earth, thy happy spirit shall waft it to the lock. Of course she heard footsteps on the stairs—as every one will do when afraid of

THE SABBATH.-The celebrated Wilberforce ascribes his continuance for so long a time, under such a pressure of cares and labors, in no small degree to his conscientious and habitual observance of the Sabbath. "Oh what a blessed day," he says, is the Sabbath, which allows us a precious interval wherein to pause, to come out from the thickets of wordly concerns, and rive ourselves up to heavenly and spiritual objects. Observation and my own experience have convinced me that there is a special blessing on the right employment of these intervals, "One of their prime objects, in my judgment,

is, to strengthen our impressions of invisible things, and to induce a habit of living much under their influence." "Oh what a blessing is Sunday, interposed between the waves of wordly busi-ness, like the divine path of the Israelites through "Blessed be God, who hath appointed the Sabbath, and interposed these seasons of recollection." "It is a blessed thing to have the Sunday devoted to God." "There is nothing in which I would recommend you to be more strictly con-scientious than in keeping the Sabbath holy."

CIVILITY .- Many persons imagine that unless cannot command respect. The homage done such individuals may appear like respect, but the inner feelings is that of contempt. One's conduct should always be civil and polite, for civility and politeness can alone disarm the malice of pride and form a guard against the venom of the

Beauty and wit will die; learning will vanish

We all have our weak and irritable moments we may experience many changes of temper and feeling; but let us beware of betraying such variations in our outward conduct, if we value the good temper and respect of our children; for these we have no right to expect on their part, without consistency in ours.

the following questions:

ou ever know a gay lad and a sprightly Did you ever know a woman that never had any

thing stolen from her clothes yard? Did you ever know a young lady who was too

Did you ever know a young man to hold a skein strangely tangled? Did you ever know a man with a shocking bad

hat, a long beard and ragged coat, who could find a respectable hotel that was not full? Did you ever know a very pretty young lady that had not a cousin to wait upon her to lectures

AWFULLY "SHOCKING."-The London Mechanics' Magazine gives an account of a Hydro Electrical Machine, of extraordinary power, that is being constructed in England for the United States. thirty-six inches-to coat three thousand five hundred feet of metallic surface, in a battery of fortyeight Leyden jars, to two feet high, by ten inches in diameter. This shock would will kill a thousand men in an instant, if it were passed through such' Franklin," and will cost about four thousand five hundred dollars.

INDIAN COURTSHIP .- A party of fourteen Indians, male and female, have lately started for England from the Northwest Territory, the speculation of taking live savages to be stared at by John Bull proving a profitable one. These Indians say that their mode of courtship is something as follows: The stricken Romeo discourses such music as he is able to extract from a rude flute before the wigwam of the copper colored one until the damsel comes forth, and then he commences pelting her with sticks. If she smiles, and does not He was thrown upon the world, when quite a throw the sticks back, it is a match; on the contrary, if she takes it into her head to throw the step by step has thus made his way to high and aforesaid sticks back, the poor man puts up his honorable distinction. It is well to point out and trary, if she takes it into her head to throw the pipe and looks for another wigwam, or, in other comment upon such biographies as this. words, "puts that in his pipe and smokes it."— This is one way to make and reject love.

Mrs. Chapone was asked why she always came so early to church. "Because," she replied, "it is a part of my religion never to disturb the reli-

Five Offers.- Wherefore dinna ye get married,' said a Scotchman to an old maid.—' Who made inquiries, and was informed she was a very shall I have?' replied she. 'Wha'll ye ha?' returned the Scotchman, 'wha but Jamie Jimmer-son?' 'Do you think,' said she, 'that I'll marry that old widower, when I've had five offers before, and all from the ministers?' 'Whew!' rejoined the Scotchman. 'Ye're worse than Peter, he only denied his master three times, and ye denied yours five times ! hoot awa ! woman, ye're worse nor an infidel! - Berkshire Am.

MARRIAGE EXTRAORDINARY .- Married, at Moare Farrell, last week, Polly M'Glynn, widow of the late Patrick White, James Gray, and John Hanley, at the early age of 89 years, to William Tuite, pig-doctor in ordinary, and dancing-master extraordinary, at the youthful age of 84 years, after
burying his fifth wife. Their combined ages
make a total of 173 years, and ten marriages.

The Revolutionary Moscos will also become

"Rents are enormous," as the poor fellow said when he looked at his breeches,

Female Curiosity.

A naval officer, who, some time ago came to reside in Edinburgh, having previously engaged a large mansion on a short lease, despatched his butler to receive his furniture, and have the house butler to receive his furniture, and have the house put in order. The butler engaged a young woman, residing in the neighborhood to clean out the rooms and arrange part of the furniture, and he assisted her himself to carry up a large chest of rather singular appearance. This gigantic box his master had purchased as a curiosity; but unlike that described in the "Misleto Bough," it did not shut but opened with a spring attached to the lock, which being touched, the lid flew open and a tall brawny Highland man, in full costume, stood erect and Highland man, in full costume, stood erect, and struck out his right arm, in which was a wooden

The gentleman had purchased it as a curious piece of mechanism, and was want to amuse his children with it. "That's a heavy chest," said the woman as

they placed it on the floor.
"Yes," answered the butler, who was a wag of the first water, "there's something heavy in it, that's certain; but there's something mysterious about it also, for although the key hangs at the end

of it, no one is allowed to open it."
"Did you ever see the inside of it?" replied she

walking round it.
"Never," said he "it's as much as any of our

places is worth to speak about it." So saying, the night of the corkscrew looked first at the woman, then at the chest, then on the floor, and then retired slowly down the stairs whistling to work on the ground flat. The girl proceeded to put things to rights in the room; but every time she passed the chest she thought it looked rious hollow sound-very! And none of the servants had dared to open it! What on earth could it contain? Well, it was none of her business, so she went diligently to work for five minutes, at the end of which time she saw herself standing, detection in the commission of some act they wish to keep secret. Again she regained confidence, and returned to the chest; she stooned and turned the key. Up flew the lid, and the wooden Highlandman, kilt and philabeg, sprang on his legs with more than human agility, and fetched the girl a smart whack across the shoulders with the flat of his "Andrea Farrara." A prolonged shriek, ending in a moan of despair, indicated that the poor woman had sought relief in a swoon.

In the course of a few moments the woman rose on her elbow, looking wildly around the room, till her eyes caught the Highlandman bending over her. Seeing nothing but destruction awaiting her, two springs took her to the door, down stairs she went; nor did she slacken her pace till she found herself standing in the house of a lady in the neighborhood. The poor woman did not recover from her fright for some days.

The Lion's Roar in the Desert. Early in the morning, as soon as the sun be-

gins to cast its rays on the sandy billows of the desert, the royal animal rises from his lair to sally forth in quest of prey. His voice may be heard in the distance; it commences with a low murmuring which gradually increases, until at last it becomes a fearful and terrific roar, like the rolling of thunder, and is audible at a distance of two miles. The whole animal kingdom tremble, and evince the greatest fear when the king of beasts is heard, the sheep tremble as if attacked with ague, place their heads together, and endeavor to hide themselves; the horses break out into a sweat with fear; and the dogs hurry as fast as they can, to find a place of refuge. In fine all the beasts are seized with the most unequivocal terror, when the uway; and all the acts of life be soon forgotten. But virtue and piety will remain forever. They are the foundation of honor and esteem, and the source of all beauty, order and happiness. directions, and are scattered abroad under the in-fluence of fear. I, myself, once had the opportunity of witnessing a scene of this kind. ing in my travels at the wells of Samaria, we sud denly heard a murmering noise afar, resembling the rolling of balls in an empty barrel; but we were soon acquainted with its true cause, when it gradually increased to the terrible thunder-like roar. With the first perception of this noise, the camels belonging to our caravan suddenly took fright, and INFORMATION WANTED.—The Boston Mail asks instantly separated in all directions. The men and the cases were thrown off, and if one of the Did you ever know a lady who had handsome riders happened to keep his seat at the first alarm, white teeth, to place her hand over them when she laughed?

he was subsequently necessitated to leap down, to avoid being felled by the branches of the trees: for we were unfortunately near a forest of mi lass who couldn't pick berries into the same mosas, and every one was in danger of being torn by their large spines. This confusion, however, did not last long, for the lion took quite an opposite direction to the route of our carayan; but a whole day was lost in collecting the goods that weak to stand up during prayer-time at church, had been thrown off or torn down by the trees, and who could not dance all night without being tired one of the camels strayed to a great distance.

BREACH OF PROMISE CASE .- At the January of yarn for his favorite to wind, without getting it Circuit, for the Sixth District, held in Chenango county, N. Y., Judge Monell presiding, a suit was brought by Harriet Graves against George W. Willis, for breach of promise of marriage.— The parties were both from Masonville, Delaware county, and represented to be highly respectable. The attention of Willis commenced in 1839, and were continued, with little intermission, till 1843. Promise of marriage, both in prose and in verse, were proved against the defendant. Some time in 1843, the plaintiff became a mother, and then the defendant deserted her. It was attempted on the part of defence to justify the breach of conis said that it will be able to produce a spark of tract on the ground of the plaintiff's abandoned character, but the witnesses who swore to this were impeached by others brought forward by the prosecution. The doubtful scale of justice seems have been turned in favor of the plaintiff by a letter produced on the part of the defence, written This machine is called the "Benjamin by the girl to the lover, reproving him with his ," and will cost about four thousand five infidelity, and closing with the words, "You are The jury not regarding this as "an honourable discharge," after two hours' absence, brought in a verdict for the plaintiff of fifteen hundred dollars, which (according to the Norwick Journal) was received with great applause by the audience in the Court House.

SELF-MADE MEN .- It is said that Jesse Miller recently appointed Secretary of State in Pennsylvania, which is probably the stepping-stone to higher preferment, is one of the many instances which occur in our favored country, of self-made men.boy, under peculiarly adverse circumstances, and only are they fine examples to the young, but they inspire them with a sustaining confidence in struggling with the varied difficulties of life.

"I WRITES SMALL HAND."-We once heard of a gentleman who was a victim of love at first The object of his adoration was a pretty sight faced-girl, but of her mind and disposition h knew nothing, until he was introduced. He had that she was an able writer. During his first in terview, he talked of the English classics, and spoke of the writings of Addison, Steele and others, and finished by asking whose style she preferred. She replied—"Id n't follow none of them copies: I writes small hand !"

A NEW YANKEE DELICACY .- Yankee land ha redeemed the pumpkin from its insignificance and made it a choice delicacy. The Maine Cultivator gives a recipe for cooking beets, which deserves attention for its novelty. Having washed them free of dirt, roast them in the fire as you do potatoes.—

The Revolutionary Heroes, "like the leaves of the Sybil, they increase in value as they diminish in number."

PHILADELPHIA.

TO SOUTHERN AND WESTERN MERCHANTS.

THE subscribers, Wholesale Merchants, Manufacturers, and Dealers in Philadelphia, respectfully invite those Merchants from the South and West, who are about to purchase their Spring and Summer supplies, to call and examine their respective Stocks of Goods.

As we intend keeping on hand full and complete assortments in our several departments of

olete assortments in our several departments of cusiness, suited to the Southern and Western Markets, we assure those who may favor us with a call, that no reasonable endeavors on our part hall be wanting to give them entire satisfaction. Caleb Cope & Co., 165 Market St. M. L. Hallowell & Co., 143 " W. & R. P. Remington, 92 "

See, Brother & Co., Ashhurst & Remington, Buck & Potter, Yard & Gillmore, Reynolds, McFarland & Co., 105 Market St. Burnett, Withers & Co., 120 " John H. Brown & Co., 136 " Reese & Heylen, 185 "

Importers of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c. &c. Wood & Wilson, 65 Market St. William H. Love, 147

Importers of Hardware and Cutlery. 141 Market St. Yardley, Sowers & Co., Martin & Smith, Edward S. Handy & Co., Rogers, Brothers & Co., Importers and Manufacturers of Saddlery Hard-

Craige, Holmes & Co., 110 Market St. 7 North Fourth St William Ford, Saddlery Hardware.

Fairbairn & Co., 11 North Fourth St. Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers. Hogan & Thompson, 30 North Fourth St Grigg & Elliott, Uriah Hunt & Son,

Manufacturers, Importers and Dealers in Carpetings, Oil-Cloths, &c., &c. A. McCallum & Co., 87 Chestnut St. Clarkson, Rich & Mulligan, 111 Boots, Shoes, Bonnets, Caps, Leghorn and Palm

W. E. & J. G. Wheelan, 158 market St. Levick, Jenkins & Co., 150 Manufacturers and Importers of China, Earthenware and Glass.

James Tams & Co... -217 Market St. Manufacturers and Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

George W. Carpenter & Co., 301 Market St. Samuel F. Troth, (late Henry Troth & Co.,) 224 " Importers of Watches, Jewelry, Fine Cutlery, Plated and Silver Wares. Dickson & Co., S. E. cor. Market and Third St.

Watson & Hildeburn, 72 Market S Manufacturers of Umbrellas, Parasols and Sun Shades. Wright & Brothers, 125 Market St. Sleeper, Brothers, 126 " Manufacturer of Combs and Looking Glasses and Dealers in Brushes, Buttons, Threads, and

Staple Fancy-Goods. Thos. Burch, Jr., (late of Pitts-183 Market St. 225 " Harris & Mason, 128 Market St., Up Stairs. Manufacturers and Importers of Paper Hangings. Howell & Brothers, 80 and 142 Chestnut St. 118 Chestnut St. John Beatty,

Manufacturers of Patent Floor and Furniture Oil Cloths and Carriage Curtains. Isaac Macauley, Jr., 6 North Third St. Importers of Hosiery, Gloves, Threads, Trim-mings and Fancy Goods.

Setley & Sevening, 23 North Third St. Thomas Mellor, 99 Arch St. Manufacturers and Importers of Military Goods. Carriage Laces, Fringes, Cords, Tassels, and

Ladies' Fancy Trimmings. Wm. H. Horstmann & Sons, 51 N. Third St. Manufacturer of Patent Solar Lard Lamps, Chandeliers, &c., &c.

Elias S. Archer, 32 North Second St. Importer of Toys, Fancy and Staple Goods. A. F. Ott Monrose, 16 South Fourth St. Importers of Fancy Articles, Combs, Brushes, Soaps, and Perfumery.

R. & G. A. Wright, 23 South Fourth St Importers of British, French, Fancy and Staple Stationery, and Manufacturers of Playing and Rlank Cards. L. I. Cohen & Co., 27 South Fourth St.

Importer and Manufacturer of French Artificial Flowers, Feathers, &c. 51 Chestnut St. Manufacturer of Saddles, Bridles, Trunks, and

Carpet Bags. James E. Brown, 4 South Fourth St. Piano Forte Manufacturer.

E. N. Scherr, 266 Chestnut St Philadelphia, January 10, 1845-4m. G. W. J. COPP,

attormet at Law, Baltimore, Md.,

OFFICE on Lexington Street, opposite the Court House. November 1, 1844. WM. A. SOMMERVILLE,

WAL TA TERROTTA Martinsburg, Va. OFFICE removed to room adjoining Mr. Dorsey's Drug Store. Continues to practice in the several courts of Berkeley, Jefferson and Mor-

ISAAC FOUKE. WAL TA TETLEOTTA DRACTISES in the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Loudoun, Clarke and Berkeley counties, Virginia. All business en-trusted to his care will be promptly attended to.— Office and residence at Harpers-Ferry.

August 9, 1844. R. HUME BUTCHER, WAL TA TETTOTTA CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, A TTENDS the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Clarke, Frederick and Berkeley

August 2, 1844-tf LAW MOTHCH. A. J. O'BANNON having permanently set-tled in Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va., will practice in the several Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick and Clarke Counties. Of-fice on Main street, over E. P. Miller's Store and

opposite the office of the "Spirit of Jefferson." July 26, 1844. S. W. HOAG. MOLLAT.

Duffield's, Jefferson County, Va., The American and European REPORT OF FASHIONS.

PUBLISHED BY G. C. SCOTT, BROADWAY, N. Y., RECEIVED monthly, and carefully copied or modified to suit the taste of all customers. Dec. 13, 1844.

NEW YORK CITY.

WHOLESALE HOUSES. MEW-YORK.

HE subscribers are now amply prepared with full Stocks of Goons in their respective departments, peculiarly suited to the wants of Southern and Western Merchants.

The large and varied assortment which the New York market affords to purchasers, presents a superior opportunity for a choice selection, and on terms in all respects as favorable, to say the least, any other market.

Southern and Western Merchants are assured of our determination to please, if possible, all who are in search of Spring and Summer Supplies—and are respectfully invited to examine our several stocks and prices. Silks and Fancy Goods.

Bowen & McNamee,16 William, corner of Beaver Carleton, Frothingham & Co., No. 172 Pearl street corner of Pine street.

Straw Goods: G. M. Peck, 146 Pearl street. Staple and Fancy Dry Goods. Doremus, Suydam & Nixon, No. 39 Nassau street

corner of Liberty, opposite the Post Office.
C. W. & J. T. Moore & Co., 207 Pearl street, four doors above Maiden Lane.
Nelson & Graydon, 61 Cedar street, next door to the new Post Office.

J. W. & R. Leavitt, 166 Pearl street. Parsons & Lawrence, 129 Pearl street and 82

Beaver, a few doors below Wall street.
Bradner & Co., 160 Pearl street, near Wall.
John P. Stagg & Co., 182 Pearl street.
F. S. & D. Lathrop, 62 William street, corner of Cedar street.

Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings and Summer Goods Importers and Manufacturers of Saddlery and Wilson G. Hunt & Co., No. 82 William street, corner of Maiden Lane. F. S. Winston & Co., 138 Pearl street; Foreign

and Domestic Woollens, Vestings and Pantaloon Stuffs. Hardware and Cutlery.

Wolfe & Gillespie, 193 Pearl street, near Maiden

Wetmore & Co., 79 and 81 Vesey, and 205 Washington streets; Importers and Dealers in Hardware, Bar Iron and Steel.

ohn Van Nest, successor to Abraham Van Nest, 114 Pearl street, Hanover Square; Importer and Dealer in Saddlery, Coach and Harness

Hardware, W. I. Buck, 209 Pearl street, four doors above Maiden Lane; extensive Manufacturer and Importer of Saddlery, Harness and Coach Hard

Henry Baylis, 105 Maiden Lane, Manufacturer and Importer of Needles and Fancy Goods. Importer of French and English Staple Stationery. Lewis I. Cohen, 138 William street, two doors from Fulton. Importers of Watches, Fine Cutlery, Jewelry and

Plated Ware. Fellows, Wardsworth & Co., No. 17 Maiden Lane. Ball, Tompkins & Black, (late Marquand & Co.,) 181 Broadway.

Boots, Shoes, Leghorn, Palm Hats and Caps, Bonnets, dec. D. & A. Wesson, 157 Pearl street, near Wall. Spofford, Tileston & Co., 149 Water street. Watson & Shipman, No. 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post Office. Calvin W. How, 131 Maiden Lane.

Books and Stationery. Collins, Brother & Co., 254 Pearl street. Pratt, Woodford & Co., 63 Wall street. Huntington & Savage, 216 Pearl street.

Importers of Fancy Articles, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, &c.
A. H. Ward & Co., (formerly Bailly, Ward & Co.,) 41 Maiden Lane. Levi Cook & Co., 138 Pearl street,-also Buttons

&r.c.

Wm. H. Carey & Co., 186 Pearl street, opposite Spelman & Fraser, 136 Pearl street—also Cutle-

Manufacturers and Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Paints and Dye Stuffs. Haviland, Keese & Co., 80 Maiden Lane. H. H. Schieffelin & Co., 104 and 106 John street. J. & J. F. Trippe, 90 and 92 Maiden Lane. Hoadley, Phelps & Co., 142 Water street, near

Maiden Lane. Cutlery, House-Keeping Hardware, Tin and Wood Ware, Baskets, &c. . B. Windle & Co., 56 Maiden Lane.

Wines, Liquors, Segars, Fine Groceries, &c. A. Binninger & Co., 141 Broadway. - Wholesale Grocers. . & A. Lowery, 121 Front street.

China, Glass and Earthen Ware. Henry W. Haydock, 276 Pearl street. Umbrellas, oc.

Henry Keep, 122 Pearl street, successor to Thomas Garner, Manufacturer and Dealer in Umbrel las and Parasols. Richard McNamee, No. 16 William street, Manufacturer and Dealer in Umbrellas, Parasols Stocks, Linens and Straw Goods. Charles Davis, 194 Pearl street, Manufacturer

and Wholesale Dealer in Umbrellas. Horace H. Day, 25 Maiden Lane, Manufacturer of Patent India Rubber Suspenders and all kinds of India Rubber Goods.

Firth, Hall & Pond, No. 239 Broadway, Manufac turers and Importers of Music and Musical Instruments. Sole agents for Chickering's Piano

PUBLIC HOUSES—NEW YORK. THE Proprietors of the above named Public

Houses, in the city of New York, unite in the above invitation to Southern and Western Merchants, who may visit our Commercial Emporium, to call at our respective Houses; pledging ourselves to administer the comforts of "Hor as far as in our power, to those who may give us

the preference. Mansion House, W. J. Bunker, 39 Broadway. Howard Hotel, Thomas & Roe, Broadway. City Hotel, Chester Jennings, Broadway. Waverley House, Willard Whitcomb, 54 and 56

Milantic Hotel, No. 3 and 5 Broadway, W. C. Pacific Hotel, 162 Greenwich street, J. W. Boody

W. D. Parsons. Astor House, Coleman & Stetson. Franklin House, Broadway, Hayes & Treadwell. New York, Jan. 17, 1845—3m.

Hay's Linament for the Piles. PILES effectually cured by this certain remedy. The sale of this article is steadily in creasing, notwithstanding the many counterfeits got up in imitation of it. Persons troubled with this distressing complaint, declare that they would not be without this preparation in their houses for the price of ten boxes. The public will recollect that this is the only remedy offered them that is in reality of any value whatever. In places where it is known every family has it in their house. Its price is not considered at all. It is above all

Sold wholesale by Comstock & Co., 21 Cortland street, New York, and by
J. H. BEARD & Co., Charlestown.
A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry.

Jan. 31, 1845. SHOES.—Just received, another supply of latest style KID SHOES.

Sept. 6. MILLER & TATE. Blacksmithing, &c.

THE undersigned would beg leave to inform Farmers and others, that he has taken charge Farmers and others, that he has taken charge of the shop in Charlestown, where he has been for the last few years engaged in connexion with his father, and is prepared to do all work in the Blacksmithing line. His charges shall be as moderate as any other shop in this place. Several years experience in the business, enables him to assure those who may favor him with their custom, that their work shall be executed in the most approved and substantial manner.

Delivery description of work relating to wagons and ploughs, (whether to be made or repaired) will be executed at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms. He desires a call from old friends

JOSEPH C. RAWLINS, Jan. 3, 1845.

SECOND SUPPLY.

N addition to my former large and general stock, I have just received from Baltimore, and now opening, some of the most beautiful, durable and

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, ever offered in this market. Gentlemen are requested to give me a call, as I guaranty they shall be suited in every respect. Common Cas-simere and Cassinett, for cheap Coats and Pants, always on hand and made to order at the shortes Garments cut and made as usual, in the best

style, whether the materials be furnished by me r purchased elsewhere. JAMES CLOTHIER

Perifocal Spectacles. A NEW article in the way of Spectacles, just received and for sale at Dec. 27. CHAS. G. STEWART'S.

Work Boxes and Writing Desks. SOME of the most beautiful patterns, style, and finish of Ladies' Work Boxes and Writing Desks may be found at Dec. 27. C. G. STEWART'S

Lin's Balm of China.

A N infallible cure for all cuts, burns, sores, &c. The worst cut may be cured in a few hours by the use of this all-healing compound.—
Its healing qualities are wonderful. One bottle of Hyslop & Brother, successors to Robert Hyslop & Son, No. 220 Pearl street, above Maiden Lane.

Cornell, Brothers, 269 Pearl, corner Fulton street. which by delay might alsable the patient for days, weeks, or months, can be cured without difficulty by using a bottle of this preparation. It is a valuable article, requiring such a small quantity in application, that one bottle will last for years.

The above medicine is sold wholesale by Com-J. H. BEARD & Co., Charlestown.
A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry.

The Original Worm Destroyer.

WORMS! WORMS!! COMSTOCK'S VERMIFUGE for destroying that part of the nursery; it must be a great gratification to the mother to know that there is a certain remedy to be had by applying to our customers in this place, a remedy as certain as it is simple, and the price so low that it is put in the reach of every mother, however poor. Buy none but that which has Comstock & Co's name upon

the wrapper.
Sold wholesale by Comstock & Co., 21 Cortland street, New York, and by J. H. BEARD & Co., Charlestown.

A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry. Jan. 31, 1845. To Carpenters. HAVE just received some superior Spring steel Saws, Chissels, Planes, Plane-bitts, with

and without caps, Hatchets, Hand-axes, Broadaxes, &c., which I will sell as cheap as they can be had here or elsewhere. THOMAS RAWLINS. Oct. 11. RON.—Bar and Plough Irons, all sorts and sizes, from Hughes's Furnace;

Castings, &c., just received by
Oct. 11. THOMAS RAWLINS. HANCE'S MEDICATED CANDY FOR COLDS, COUGHS & HOARSE

"It has long been the effort of man, To save fellow mortals from death; To cure them of coughs and of colds, Consumption and shortness of breath, The way then at length has been found, For man to obtain quick relief. Its virtues will surely astound, And make him the same of belief; Would you live then in joy and in health, Feel hale when old age shall advance-If so, by far better than wealth, Is the Candy, made only by HANCE." Price 25 cents per package, or five for \$1. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, corner of Charles and Pratt streets, Baltimore, and by J. H. BEARD & Co.

Charlestown, Dec. 6, 1844. HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA VEGETA-BLE OR BLOOD PILLS, FOR PU-RIFYING THE BLOOD, removing bile, corrrecting disoders of the stomach and bowels,

costiveness, dyspepsia, swim-ming in the head, &c. Persons of a full habit, who are subject to Headache, Giddiness, Drowsiness, and singing in the Ears, arising from too great a flow of blood to the head, should never be without them, as many dangerous symptoms will be entirely carried off by their immediate use

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. In purchasing these pills, let me add one word caution. Always ask for HANCE'S PILLS, and purchase of none but those advertised as agents, and if convenient, call and see the proprie-

For sale by SETH S. HANCE, corner Charles and Pratt streets, Baltimore, and by J. H. BEARD & Co., Charlestown. Price 25 cents per box, or 5 for \$1. WINDOW GLASS and Putty; Flax Seed

Oil, for sale by t. 18. KEYES & KEARSLEY. For Gentlemen.

OST extensive assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds and Vestings, just received

and for sale by
J. J. MILLER & WOODS. C LASS AND PUTTY for sale by Nov. 22. J. H. BEAR

SELF-DEFENCE.—Just received, a few pairs of elegant Rifle-barreled Distallant of elegant Rifle-barreled Pistols. Also, two Six Barreled Revolvers, improved pattern. Sept. 27. E. M. AISQUITH.

PAINTS, Oil, and Putty, at Sept. 27. THOS. RAWLINS. SHOES.—Ladies who are in search of most elegant Kid Slippers and Walking shoes, will find them at MILLER & TATE'S.

Sept. 27, 1844

100 PAIRS of Kip and Calf Boots, Home-made, for Fall sale; 150 pairs extra strong home-made Coarse Shoes louble soled; 300 pairs Women's Calf, Morocco, and Kiddo.;

300 pr. Boy's, Girl's, and Children's do.;
150 pr. Men's and Boy's fine do.
All for sale at reduced prices by
Sept. 27. J. J. MILLER & WOODS. Chamber Lard Lamps.

A 50 cents, for sale by C. G. STEWART.

Young Ladies' Boarding School.

ANGERONA SEMENARY.

THIS School, located in the vicinity of Winchester, and devoted to the instruction of Young Ladies in the higher branches of education—designed more particularly as a Boarding School, will be resumed again, under the care of the subscriber, on the 2nd Monday in September next. The general arrangements of the School will be the same as when formerly under the care of the undersigned, and will embrace a thorough course of instruction in all the branches of an English, Classical and Ornamental Education.

Terms .- Per Session of five months, payable one half in advance: For Junior Class, including Board, Lodging, Washing and Tuition, English branches, \$60 00

"Senior Class, do. do. 65 00

" " including Languages, 65 00

French \$6; Drawing and Painting \$8; Music,

(Piano) \$18.

Circulars, giving more particular information, furnished on application to the undersigned, either personally or by letter.

L. EICHELBERGER.

Winchester, Dec. 13, 1844.-eow. Further Proof of the Efficacy of Hance's Compound Syrup of Hoarhound in reliev-

ing afflicted man. MR. GEORGE T. WARRINGTON, residing in York street, Federal Hill, Baltimore, was attacked with a violent cough and sore throat, and after trying many remedies, was induced by a friend to use Hance's Compound Syrup of Hoar-hound, and before using one bottle was entirely

ANOTHER, YET MORE ASTONISHING. ANOTHER, YET MORE ASTONISHING.

MRS. HENRIETTA MERRICK, residing in Monument street, between Canal and Eden streets, was attacked with a very severe cough and pain in the breast, which was so intense that it extended to her shoulders. She was afflicted also with a pain in the side.

a pain in the side.

After trying many remedies, she was persuaded by a friend to use Hance's Compound Syrup of Hoarhound, and after using three doses, she experienced great relief, and before she had finished the bottle was entirely cured.

Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by SETH S. HANCE,

Corner Charles and Pratt streets, Baltim J. H. BEARD & Co. and by J. H. Charlestown, Dec. 6, 1844.

HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA or BLOOD
PILLS, composed entirely of Vegetable
Substances, and universally known to be the best
medicine for the purification of the blood EVER INVENTED. What is that principle which is termed the blood?

"The blood is the vital principle of life, and is that fluid by which the entire functions of the sys-

tem are regulated; therefore when it becomes impure, the general system becomes deranged, and rives rise to innumerable diseases. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, corner Charles and Pratt streets, Baltimore, and by J. H. BEARD & Co. Charlestown, Dec. 6, 1844.

HANCE'S COMPOUND MEDICATED HOARHOUND CANDY, for Coughs, Colds, Spitting of Blood, Asthma, Sore Throat, Clearing the Voice, Consumption, Bronchitis,

Invented, prepared and sold by SETH S. HANCE, corner Charles and Pratt streets, Baltimor and for sale by Charlestown, Dec. 6. J. H. BEARD & Co.

THE MOST COMMON SAYING

Is would not give one bottle of Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, for half a dozen of any other preparation. I have tried all the popular ones, but this stands unri-valed for the cure of the following diseases, viz: Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Palpitation of the Heart, Whooping Cough, Tickling and Rising sensition in the threat Branchitic sation in the throat. Bronchitis. Asthma, or weakness of the Neryous System or impaired Constitution arising from any cause, and to prevent per-

cine has not its equal. And when too much calomel or quinine has been used, this medicine will prevent its evil effect on the system, and repair the biliary functions .-As a proof of the above medicine giving great strength and clearness to the voice, a gentleman from one our large auctioneering establisements in Philadelphia, who has been using this Syrup, says that it is the greatest medicine to cry on he ever saw. Of course, the minister or lawyer, who have to exert their voices, would be equally benefitted. Reference will be given to the auctioneer,

sons from falling into a

Decline, this medi-

by calling at my office. Caution.—All preparations from this valuable tree, except the original Doct. 'Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Doct. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia

The above valuable Compound Syrup is for

ale by HENRY S. FORNEY, Agent, Oct. 11, 1844—1y. Shepherdstown, Va. WEAK LUNGS and WEAK BREAST. when any person is predisposed to consumption, it generally manifests itself by certain symptoms, which are called CONSUMPTIVE SYMPTOMS, the most common of which are a pain in the breast, and an oppression and pain about the lungs. When these symptoms are experienced, to guard against consumption it is advisable to STRENGTHEN THE LUNGS advisable to STRENGTHEN THE LUNGS
AND BREAST. This may be done effectually by using HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOARHOUND.
Price 50 cents ber bottle. For sale by SETH
S. HANCE, corner of Charles and Pratt streets,
Baltimore, and by J. H. BEARD & Co.

Charlestown, Dec. 6, 1844. HANCE'S SUPERIOR LILY WHITE both articles for beautifying and improving the complexion. Price 61 cts. per box. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, corner of Charles and Prate

streets, Ballimore, and by J. H. BEARD & Co. Charlestown, Dec. 6, 1844. New and Cheap Cash Store. Opposite the Pay Office on Shenandoah street, Harpers-Ferry.

THE subscriber begs leave to announce to his friends in the country and Harpers-Ferry, that he has just returned from the Philadelphia and Baltimore Markets, with a large and well selected stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats,

All of which has been purchased at reduced prices for cash—and will, as he intends doing a cash business, be sold lower than any goods heretofore sold at Harpers-Ferry. He invites all his friends and the public to call and examine his stock before they purchase elsewhere.

DAVID KOONCE.

Caps, &c., &c.,

Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 20-3m. NEW article for the Economist. Price only FRESH TEA.—Just received, a case of very E. M. AISQUITH